TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$1 50
Six months.....75
Three months.....50
A failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiriation of the term subscribed for will be considered a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (12 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two squares,	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three squares,	1 50	2 25	3 00

Over three week and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
Six lines or less,	$1 50	$3 00	$5 00
One square,	3 00	5 00	7 00
Two squares,	5 00	8 00	10 00
Three squares,	7 00	10 00	15 00
Four squares,	9 00	13 00	20 00
Half a column,	12 00	16 00	24 00
One column,	20 00	30 00	50 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding four lines, one year,.....$3 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices,.....$1 75
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
AT BEN JACOBS'
AT BEN JACOBS'
CHEAP CORNER,
CHEAP CORNER.

BENJ. JACOBS has now upon his shelves a large and full assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
comprising a very extensive assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

His stock of CLOTHING for men and boys is complete—every article of wear will be found to be good and cheap. Full suits sold at greatly reduced prices—panic prices—which will be very low.

His entire stock of Goods will compare with any other in town, and the public will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

As I am determined to sell my goods, bargains may be expected, so all will do well to call.

Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.
BENJ. JACOBS, *Cheap Corner.*
Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

NEW MARBLE YARD
IN HUNTINGDON,
ON MIFFLIN STREET, BETWEEN SMITH AND FRANKLIN.

JAMES M. GREEN informs the citizens of the county generally, that he has opened a MARBLE YARD at the above place, and is prepared to finish marble to order in the best workmanlike manner.

TOMB STONES, BUREAU and STAND TOPS, &c., furnished on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

He hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
Huntingdon, May 4, 1859–1y.

GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
CONFECTIONARIES & NOTIONS.

G. A. MILLER informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, Confectionaries, &c., and that he will try to accommodate his customers with the best.

He also has on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats, and other goods.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes to merit a continuance of the same.

Dont forget the place, in the old Temperance Hall building. [Huntingdon, April 20, 1859.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
AT
D. P. GWIN'S CHEAP STORE.

D. P. GWIN has just returned from Philadelphia, with the largest and most beautiful assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
Ever brought to Huntingdon. Consisting of the most fashionable Dress Goods for Ladies and Gentlemen; Black and Fancy Silks, all Wool Delaines, (all colors,) Spring Delains, Braize Delanes, Braizes, all colors: Debaize, Levella Cloth, Ducals, Alpacca, Plain and Silk Warp, Printed Berages, Brilliants, Plain and Colored Ginghams, Lawns and Prints of every description.

Also, a large lot of Dress Trimmings, Fringes, More-Antique Ribbon, Gimps, Buttons, Braids, Crapes, Ribbons, Reed and Brass Hoops, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck-Ties, Stocks, Zepher, French Working Cotton, Linen and Cotton Floss, Tidy Yarn, &c.

Also, the best and cheapest assortment of Collars and Undersleeves in town; Barred and Plain Jaconet, Mull Muslin. Swiss, Plain, Figured and dotted Skirts, Belts, Marsailles for Capes, and a variety of White Goods too numerous to mention.

A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of Bay State, Waterloo and Wool Shawls, Single and Double Brocha Shawls. Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Vestings, bleached and unbleached Muslins, sheeting and pillow-case Muslins, Nankeen, Ticking, Checks, Table, Diaper, Crash, Flannels, Sack Flannels, Canton Flannels, Blankets, &c. Also, a large lot of Silk and Colored Straw Bonnets, of the latest styles, which will be sold cheaper than can be had in Huntingdon.

HATS and CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BUCKETS, CHURNS, TUBS, BUTTER BOWLS, BROOMS. BRUSHES, &c. CARPETS and OIL CLOTH. FISH, SALT, SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, MOLASSES, and all goods usually kept in a country store.

My old customers, and as many new ones as can crowd in, are respectfully requested to call and examine my goods.

☞ All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the Highest Market Prices. D. P. GWIN.
Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

PIKES PEAK GOLD!

Cannot rival in attraction the superb stock of SPRING and SUMMER Goods now being received and opened by
FISHER & M'MURTRIE.

This stock has been selected with great care, and the public are cordially invited to call and examine it.

It comprises all the late styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, such as Poil De Chevre, Robes A'Lez, Organdies, Jacconets, Lawns, Challis, Plain and Figured Berages, Crape Marets, Plain and Colored Chintzes, French and English Ginghams, Amaranths, Valentias, Alpaccas, De Bage, Prints, &c., &c.

A beautiful assortment of Spring Shawls, round and square corners, all colors. A full stock of Ladies' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, Gauze and Silk Undershirts, Drawers, &c.

We have a fine selection of Mantillas, Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gauntlets. Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Floss, Sewing Silk, Extension Skirts, Hoops of all kinds, &c.

Also—Tickings, Osnaburg, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all prices; Colored and White Cambrics, Barred and Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, Tarleton, and many other articles which comprise the line of WHITE and DOMESTIC GOODS.

French Cloths, Fancy Cassimers, Satinets, Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Blue Drills, Flannels, Lindseys, Comforts, Blankets, &c.

Hats, Caps, and Bonnets, of every variety and Style.

A Good Stock of GROCERIES. HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOTS and SHOES, WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, which will be sold *Cheap.*

We also deal in PLASTER, FISH, SALT, and all kinds of GRAINS, and possess facilities in this branch of trade unequalled by any. We deliver all packages or parcels of Merchandise, *free of charge*, at the Depots of the Broad Top and Pennsylvania Railroads.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and be convinced that the *Metropolitan* is the place to secure fashionable and desirable goods, disposed of at the lowest rates.
FISHER & M'MURTRIE.
Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

$10,000 REWARD!!
MOSES STROUS,

Will risk the above sum that he can Sell Goods, to everybody, at prices to suit the times. His stock has been renewed for SPRING and SUMMER, and he invites all to call and examine for themselves.

His stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, OF ALL KINDS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Such as Summer Coats, Frock Coats, Dress Coats, Jackets, Vests, Pants, &c.

BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, of all sizes, for old and young.

GROCERIES, of the best; QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

The public generally are earnestly invited to call and examine my new stock of Goods, and be convinced that I can accommodate with Goods and Prices, all who are looking out for great bargains.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. MOSES STROUS.
Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

GROCERIES, &c., &c.—Call at the cheap store of BENJ. JACOBS. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices. (oct28.)

BOOK BINDING.
Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

ST. VINCENT AND VISITATION MANUALS, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, —PERSEVERE.— Editor and Proprietor.

VOL. XV. HUNTINGDON, PA., SEPTEMBER 21, 1859. NO. 13.

Select Poetry.

WELCOME HOME.

BY J. BOLINGBROKE REYNOLDS.

The summer hours, all gay with flowers
Have fled into the past,
And autumn days, with purple haze,
Have come again at last;
But oh, those summer hours were long
Without the music of thy song.

The trees were green, and every scene
Was radiant with light,
The birds sang sweet 'mid summer heat,
The days were long and bright;
But brighter far those days I ween
In thy sweet presence would have been.

The summer breeze played 'mong the trees,
Swept o'er the fields of grain,
And sighing through the pine and yew,
Awoke a sweet refrain;
But oh, that strain to me so sweet,
Thy voice alone could make complete.

The flowers that bloomed are now entombed,
The hills are turning gray,
And silently from every tree
The leaves are dropping way;
And as the lights of summer flee,
With swelling heart I wait for thee.

I've waited long, but soon thy song
Shall stir again my lyre,
The spirit free shall wake in me
The old poetic fire;
Then come, my gentle angel, come
Where all will welcome thee—at home.

A Variety.

The First Game of Euchre.

It was a cold and windy night in January the snow was spreading the earth with her mantle of white; there was a continued ringing of sleigh bells. Look! one, two, three, four sleighs are running by us. What can this mean? Oh, yes, there is a party at Judson's to-night. On they went, a gleaming of sleighs, horses, pretty faces, and a waving of handkerchiefs. The jingle of the bells has ceased—the sleighs have stopped before the palatial dwelling of Mr. Judson, lights are in the hall, lights are in the parlor—in fact the whole house is illuminated.

Servants in livery are at the door, and on the broad stone steps, to attend to the wants of the young and the gay, who have just alighted. Many peals of laughter welcome the invited; there is indeed a musical expression on the countenance of the assembled; the piano is playing soft accompaniments to the melody of song; "a dance, a dance, let's have a dancy," is echoed from two or three, eager to "trip the light fantastic toe."

Now all have joined in the mazy dance; all seem to enjoy themselves; fun to our heart's content is the motto by which all seem to be inspired; the dancing has ceased, and tables are produced, and all save one are playing euchre. Cards of different kinds are turned up as trumps on the different tables.

"One, two, three—only three are playing at this table," exclaimed Lizzie May, looking around impatiently—"only three; for my part I despise that miserable cut-throat game of three; only one more is wanted to make the set. We have him—there he is," pointing to Harry James, who was reclining lazily upon the sofa.

"I thank you, he does not play," said his friend, Mr. Reed, "or he would have joined us at the very first."

"No matter," answered Lizzie, "we can learn him. I will ask him at any rate."—And she hastily joined Harry. "You seem to be forsaken to-night, Harry. You are alone and without enjoyment. We want a partner, come join us," said Lizzie.

"I cannot play," answered Harry. "I hardly know the name of cards, save the various tricks the experienced players resort to."

"We'll not cheat you, Harry," retorted Lizzie, "its only euchre; you are not afraid, Harry! if you are, the fates preserve you."

"I am not afraid, Lizzie. I'm no coward. As for cards, I have no choice for them; to learn and play well would require diligent application. I don't wish to become a pupil again," said Harry.

"Come, Harry, be a pupil of mine," said Lizzie with earnestness.

There was a strange fascination in Lizzie, thought Harry, as he felt himself impelled to learn the game of euchre—to become a pupil of Lizzie's. The temptation was there; he felt the tempter struggling in his mind against the precepts he had learned in his earliest maturity. Suffice it to say that Harry played the remainder of the evening.

* * * * *

Six months have rolled around, and in that time things will have their change; for Harry they had their change. Rumor has it that Harry James plays wonderfully well; in fact, many who know him, say he is lucky. There he goes; his troubled countenance and careworn face bespeak a change, Harry does not resemble the same man at all, when last I saw him at Judson's party; that open manly countenance, that modest expression is gone.

So Harry is a gambler! What a desperate situation; he's a desperate player, too, and drinks to excess when ill luck frowns upon him. 'Tis a sorry tale—a few months ago we saw him—we had to coax him to play, in fact we learned him there to play, and what a change! We can hardly realize it; he was once a fine young man, the idol of society, beloved by all who knew him; and there he goes—a gambler. I think, by his countenance, by his careless and haggard look, that he has lost heavily at play lately. He has just turned the corner—he's running. The thought flashed upon me as I saw him hurry, that he was a fugitive from justice.—I followed him—every moment he seemed to quicken his pace; now he's bounding along with maniac speed. My God! he's entering the gate at the residence of Lizzie May.—See him—he opens the door, not stopping to ring the bell. I was on the steps after him; I called him by name—he turned around; there was a satanic expression in his countenance; he means no good, was my hasty though firm conclusion.

A moment more and I had him in my grasp. From his side pocket he pulls out a revolver. I saw him as he presented it; the rays of the setting sun were peering through the glass sides of the hall door; it was glistening in the sun. My God! he'll fire if I don't release him! release him, and he perhaps will murder the inmates. No use to cry help, for the door is closed—no one can hear me. Imagine the horror that filled me at that moment of anxious suspense.—I did release him; he stood by me, not moving an inch. He bent his head, and, whispering, said:

"They say I'm mad! I'm as sane as my accusers! One thing more," and stamping his foot vehemently, he exclaimed, "I'm a murderer! I played for money! its lost! lost! all's gone! My pile grew thin—I staked it all! lost! lost! and as my antagonist coolly pocketed my pile, I shot him through and through. Oh, God! I'm a murderer! No time for repentance! The officers are upon me. Tell them they'll find my body here!—One sentence more—I die by my own hand! no power on earth can keep me from it!—Look you, Miss Lizzie, I come to torture you in my dying hour! One year ago when things went merry as a marriage bell, I became your pupil in the game of euchre; before that I abhorred the game. You seduced me to it! You, by your flattering manner, inaugurated a sad era in my life's history.—I am now a ruined man! an enemy in society because I'm a murderer! Life has no charms for me. Hope has fled—all's lost!—You, that witnessed the first lesson in my downfall, shall witness the last act of my life's misery! To my parents—tell them, for me, that I died in my sins, without a hope of forgiveness! and tell to the world, and to young men, especially, that the way to avoid my fate is to avoid the shoal upon which I was shipwrecked! Hark! hark!" he exclaimed; "I hear footseps without! It's the police! They have traced me here!"

Scarcely had he uttered these words than, putting the revolver to his head, he ended his existence. A loud report was heard, and the soul of Harry James was launched into eternity by his own hand.

Thus ended that fearful tragedy that began with "only a single game of euchre."

Life in Utah Territory.

Horace Greeley, whose description of his journeyings across the plains have so much interested newspaper readers, gives us the following account of his observations among our fellow citizens of Utah:

These Mormons are in the main an industrious, frugal, hard working people. Few of them are habitual idlers; few live by profession or pursuits that require no physical exertion. They make work for but few lawyers—I know but four among them—their differences and disputes are usually settled in and by the Church; they have no female outcasts, few doctors, and pay no salaries to their preachers—at least, the leaders say so. But a small portion of them use Tea and Coffee. Formerly they drank little or no Liquor; but, since the Army came in last year, money and whisky have both been more abundant, and now they drink considerably. More than a thousand barrels of whisky have been sold in this city within the last year, at an average of not less than $8 per gallon, making the total cost to consumers over $250,000, whereof the Mormons have paid at least half. If they had thrown instead $150,000 in hard cash into the deepest part of Salt Lake, it would have been far better for them. The appetite they are acquiring or renewing will cling to them after the Army and its influx of cash shall have departed; and the saints who now drink a little will find themselves as thirsty as their Valley, but before they suspect that they care anything for liquor.

As yet, I believe, they have few or no drunkards; but there is nothing more deceitful than the appetite for liquors. As yet, Utah has not yet a single export of any kind; the army supplies her with cash; when that is gone, her people will see harder times. She ought to manufacture almost everything she consumes, or foreign debt will overwhelm her.—Yet, up to this hour, her manufacturing energies have been most unhappily directed.—Some $200,000 was expended in preparations for iron making at a place called Cedar City; but the ore, though rich, would not flux, and the enterprise had to be totally abandoned, leaving the capital a dead loss. Wool and Flax can be grown here cheaply and abundantly; yet, owing to the troubles last year, no spinning and weaving machinery has yet been put in operation—I believe some is now coming up from St. Louis. An attempt to grow Cotton is likely to prove a failure, as might have been predicted. The winters are long and cold here for the latitude, and the Saints must make cloth or shiver. I trust they will soon be able to clothe themselves.

Sugar is another necessary of life which they have had bad luck with. They can grow the beet very well, but it is said to yield little or no sugar—because, it is supposed, of an excess of alkali in the soil. The Sorghum has not yet been turned to much account, but it is to be. Common brown sugar sells here at 60c. per lb.; coffee about the same; in the newer settlements, they are of course still higher. All sorts of imported goods cost twice to six or eight times their prices in the States; even quack medicines (so called) and yellow covered novels are sold at double the prices borne on their labels or covers. Consider that the people came hither over a thousand miles mainly of desert, after reaching the Missouri, which was many hundreds if not thousands of miles from their former homes—that they generally reached these valleys in the fall, which afforded them excellent chances of starvation before they could raise a crop—that they have been constantly invested and begged or stolen from by the Indians whose game they killed or scared away, and who feel that they have a right to live here so long as there are cattle or crops to live on—that the valleys are lofty, narrow, and parched by intense drouth from May to November—that implements and seeds are scarcely to be obtained short of three month's journey, and then at an enormous cost—that they have had one year of virtual and costly hostilities with the Federal Government, in which very little could be done, and improvement was out of the question—and I am amazed that so much has been well done here in the way of building, tilling, planting trees, &c. Of course this city is far ahead of any rival, being the spiritual metropolis and the earliest settled; but I am assured that the valley of Utah Lake is better cultivated than this, though Provo, its county seat, is far behind the city, which, with its broad, regular streets, refreshed by rivulets of bright, sparkling, dancing water, and shaded by rows of young but thrifty trees, mainly Locust and Bitter Cottonwood, is already more attractive to the eye than an average city of like size in the States. The houses (of abode or merely sun-dried brick) are uniformly low and generally too small; but there is seldom more than on family to a dwelling, and rarely but one dwelling on a lot of an acre and a quarter. The gardens are well filled with peach, apple and other fruit trees, whereof the peach, already bears profusely, and the others begin to follow the example. Apricots and grapes are grown, though not yet abundant; so of strawberries. Plums are in profusion, and the mountain currants are large, abundant and very good. Many of the lots are fenced with cobble stones lain in clay mortar, which seems to stand very well. That of Brigham Young's garden and grounds is nine or ten feet thick at the base, and cost some $60 per rod. Undoubtedly this people are steadily increasing in wealth and comfort.

Still, the average life in Utah is a hard one. Many more day's faithful labor are required to support a family here than in Kansas, or any of the States. The climate is severe and capricious—now intensely hot and dry; in winter cold and stormy; and though cattle are usually allowed to shirk for themselves, they are apt to resent the insult by dying. Crickets and grasshoppers swarm in myriads, and often devour all before them.—Wood is scarce and poor. Irrigation is laborious and expensive; as yet, it has not been found practicable to irrigate one fourth of the arable land at all. Ultimately, the valleys will be generally irrigated; but this will require very costly dams and canals. Frost is very destructive here; Indian corn rarely escapes it wholly, and wheat often suffers from it. Wheat, oats, corn, barley, rye, are grown at about equal cost per bushel—$2 may, be taken as their average price; wheat is unusually heavy, though this year it is threatened to be relatively light. I estimate that one hundred and fifty days' faithful labor in Kansas will produce as large an aggregate of the necessaries of life—food, clothing, fuel—as three hundred just such days work in Utah. Hence, the adults have generally a toil-worn, anxious look, and many of them are older in frame than in years. I ardently hope it may not always be thus.

The Rival Rope Walkers.

De Lave Lowers Himself to the Water and Blondin takes a Night Walk.

Wednesday was another great day at Genesee Falls, and Niagara. De Lave's performances are thus described by the Rochester *Democrat*:

De Lave appeared at 4 o'clock precisely, having strapped on his back a chair and a salver, upon which were a lot of small cakes which were to serve as his lunch. He immediately took up his pole and started out.—When about the middle of the chasm he stopped and sat down. Taking the chair from his back, he adjusted it on the rope, seated himself in it, and composedly ate up the cakes from the salver, which lay in his lap during the operation. Having concluded his meal, he threw overboard his chair and salver, and proceeded to the west side of the river, stopping once or twice to lie down, stand on one foot, etc. After a delay of ten minutes, he started again, till he got over the brink of the falls, and then he carried out his promise to lower himself down to the sheet of water and dip a draught from the flood. He tied his balance pole to the rope, slided down and took a drink, and then returned to the rope above with great ease.—The rest of the performances were of the usual character. Many did not stay to see the thing through.

Blondin, not to be excelled, astonished the natives by taking a night walk, which is thus described by the Buffalo *Courier:*

Blondin dressed himself in a linen suit, with his frock he has so often worn, armed himself with his balancing pole, to which he had attached some brilliant lights of various colors, and then sending forth a rocket, which pierced far up into the deep blue, he proceeded rapidly down the rope, and was distinctly visible upon either side. Unfortunately, the light upon one end of the pole became detached and fell into the river. The sight was not so pretty as it would have been had not this occurred. When about midway he took a seat to rest, or perhaps get a better view of the scene. Not satisfied with beholding things above and around him, he finally inverted himself and looked down in the water. It was so dark, we think, he did not see much. Standing on his head at night on a rope over the chasm of the Niagara must be sport! Arising, he passed on. Soon after the other light fell from his pole, and Blondin was left in impenetrable darkness. Above, around, beneath, all was dark.—Nothing more was heard or seen of him until a shout from the opposite shore announced that he had safely crossed the flood. At a little after, he started on his return, surrounded with fireworks, consisting of Roman candles, which gave a pleasing appearance. He was literally enveloped in a blaze. When about midway, he laid down his pole, and stood up erect—inverted. Then he suspended himself below the rope by the heels, and there he remained, drumming on his chest, until his campfires were all extinguished.—There he was left as before, in utter darkness. A live Yankee, who was standing by, said he wondered if he would "stay there allers." A shout on the bank announced his safe arrival home. Thus ended M. Blondin's night walking.

☞ Silent contempt is the gentleman's way to vent his anger.

"Kind Words Can Never Die."

"Kind words can never die:
Cherished and blest,
God knows how deep they lie,
Stored in the breast."

How very few of us really know the value of kind words, or even think of the happiness they bring to those around us? We are too heedless of the words we speak, too apt to forget, in the joys and cares of our own lives, that there are others near, weary and suffering, to whom our kindness perhaps may come as rays of heaven's own sunlight, brightening and cheering into new life their worn-out spirits. We, who are young and thoughtless, just entering upon the realities of life—who have still around us the loving tones and soft smiles of friends—to whom the trials and weariness of our path on earth are yet unknown; however dear to us may be the gentle voices of love, however we may cherish the blessings of home—do not, cannot know the full value of kind words. Those only who have felt the want of them can know their inestimable worth. He who has wandered in foreign lands, far from home and friends; he who has lain sick and lonely beneath a distant sky, seeing around him only strange faces, and hearing only unknown tongues, can tell how more than welcome would have been the speech of his own land, heard in the kind, familiar tones of friendship.

"Kind words can never die," though long years may have swept over the earth since the time when they were spoken; though the lips that gave them utterance may have long been hushed; the heart from which they flowed been long buried beneath the green turf—yet they are not lost, their memory still lives a cherished and blest influence from the past.

"Kind words make happy homes."

That home alone, however high or lowly, is blest, where love and gentleness reign; for what are kind words but types of these heaven-born qualities? "From the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh;" and where kindly thoughts fill our outward life, the outward life will show them forth in kind and gentle words. They are the links in the chain which binds together the forms that cluster around the fireside. They are the guardian angels at the alters of domestic peace and happiness; the gentle ministering spirits that hover around the head of infant innocence, ever ready to gladden the heart by some mission of love; ever active to sooth the angry spirit of contention with the oil of their charity. Home is not home without them; when kind words are unheard in the dwelling, and all the graces that follow their footsteps have fled with them, then indeed is home no longer the resting-place of the heart. The sunlight of love has left the sky of life, and the dark night of sorrow is brooding overhead, starless and drear.

We need kind words all along our way on earth; in joy and sorrow; alike are they welcome at the wedding-feast, and the buried service. They are angel messengers to earth's weary children, "rejoicing with them that do rejoice, and weeping with them that weep." As the evening dew-drops coming down from the skies, fall upon the fair young flowers, freshening them into new life, so do the gentle voices of kindness come upon the human heart. And as the little summer streams, bubbling up in glad music, greet the coming of the cheering sunshine, so does the grateful spirit spring forth to meet their touch—Oh! could we only know how much of usefulness, lies within our power by the simple means of love, how many we might bless with our sympathy, we should not be so sparing of it.

"Oh! deem it not an idle thing,
An angry word to speak;
The look you wear, the thoughts you bring,
A heart may heal or break."

Kind words cost us nothing; and yet to those around us they may be blest. There are, in the crowded streets of our cities, thousands of the poor and needy, the weary and the afflicted, those with whom fortune has dealt harshly, to whom, though we cannot give things of great value, our sympathy and kindness may be doubly welcome. There are many of our brothers and sisters, lost and fallen now, who are travelling with us the same green earth, who in earlier days were as happy and as innocent as any of us, and who even now, could they be reclaimed from their lives of recklessness and vice, might yet shine forth as "stars in the heaven of the redeemed." Then let us strive to make our lives those of love and mercy. Let kind thoughts dwell largely in our hearts, and kind words ever make up our speech; that our way through this life may be traced by the simple crosses of charity and love rather than by the stately pillars of pride and renown. And let it be our constant aim to remember and fulfill the gentle command: "Be kind to one another, tender-hearted, forgiving one another, even as God for Christ's sake hath forgiven you."

A SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.—We visited a few days since a spot somewhat memorable as having been the scene of a duel. The position of the duelists about eight paces, was marked by two trees, one of which bears the initials of one of the party's entire name cut into the bark; the other bears only the initial of the last name of the other party. The tree under which the party stood who was killed, is dead, having, as we are credibly informed, gradually decayed from the time.—The other tree is singularly typical of the condition of the surviving party, who is now an inmate of a lunatic asylum, standing, as it does, with the lower branches full of life and verdure, while its top is dead and leafless. Strange thoughts crowded our mind, as we stood and gazed upon these unfortunate witnesses to an unfortunate deed.—*Georgetown Journal.*

FEMALE POPULARITY.—If a woman wishes to be a general favorite with her female acquaintances, she has only to permit them to outdress her. The more intent they are on gewgaws and decorations, the more profound will be the respect for her who totally disregards them. Let any one look amongst his or her friends and see if she who is most beloved is not one of less pretensions to fancy than those around her.

The Teacher's Crown.

What will men not do to obtain a crown? Even to gain lower advantages of a wordly kind, such as riches, office, fame, or rank, they will gladly spend long years of toil, pain and self-denial. To acquire a fortune, a man will begin in boyhood, and serve a tedious apprenticeship to his craft, and will then bend all his energies, day and night, summer and winter, for twenty, thirty, forty years, if haply, at the the end of that time, he may be rich. When the prize is not a certain amount of wealth, not an ordinary office of honor or emolument, but a crown—a station the very highest that is known among men—what will men *not* do to obtain it? What labors will they not count sweet, in order to win it? Through what crimes, even, will they not plunge, in order to reach it? Cæsar, to be lord of Rome, hesitated not to overthrow the ancient laws and liberties of his country, and to involve unnumbered thousands of his countrymen in carnage.

The imperial Cæsar had long passed to his account, when another man in that wide empire coveted and gained a crown. The bright immortal garland, however, that adorned his brow, was no earthly diadem. The gems that enriched it were souls saved from eternal death. Every sinner converted through his ministry, was an additional jewel in that bright chaplet. Every redeemed one that now walks the streets of the New Jerusalem, in consequence of the labors of the great Apostle to the Gentiles, will be to him through all eternity, a source of pure, unspeakable joy and honor. For, says Paul himself to his converts, "what is our hope, or joy, or crown of rejoicing? Are not even *ye* in the presence of our Lord Jesus Christ at his coming?"

And what happiness can we conceive of, as greater, what glory brighter, than to be the means of rescuing a human soul from eternal despair, and of placing him eternally secure in the regions of the blessed? We almost envy the happiness of the man who rescues a fellow-creature from drowning, or fire, or from any more temporal disaster.—What then must be the bliss in store for him, who knows that when he shall come to tread the heavenly plains, he will be greeted by the presence of those who have been converted and brought to that bright abode by his faithfulness?

Suppose a man were solemnly to devote his whole life to the conversion of one soul?—Suppose he were to begin in childhood a life of studious preparation, and after long years of preliminary study, were to give his whole thoughts and energies, from the age of twenty till he were four-score, and should thereby succeed in the conversion and salvation of one soul, will any one say who knows the worth of the soul, that that man has not labored to a good and adequate end? that he has not gained more, infinitely more, than did Astor, or Girard, or Rothschild, in heaping up their millions? or than did Cæsar or Napoleon, inconquering province, and kingdoms?

The joy and crown of the apostle may be ours. We may not have his towering abilities. We certainly have not his special gifts and commission. But there probably does not live a Christian, so moderate in talents, so humble in position, who might not, if he would, be the means of making some one else a Christian. There is not a disciple of the Lord Jesus, no matter how feeble, no matter how lowly, no matter how young, who ought not distinctly to propose it to himself, as an aim never to be lost sight of, that before he dies, he shall be able to point to at least one converted soul, and say, "Behold, *thou* art my joy and crown of rejoicing."

The Sabbath School teacher of all Christians, should set this hope steadily before him. No one else sows the seed of the word on such hopeful soil. In no other part of the Master's vineyard are the returns for labor so sure and so prompt. A large majority of all who become Christians are converted before they become men and women. A very large proportion of those who are admitted to the church, come from the Sabbath School. It is believed that it would be without a parallel that a teacher should labor faithfully, consistently, persistently, in training a class of Sabbath School scholars, and trying to bring them to a saving knowledge of Jesus Christ, and yet none of them, sooner or later, be converted. We may not always live to see it. But we serve a faithful Master, and his blessings will follow faithful labors in his cause.

Getting to Heaven by Way of New Orleans.

The Philadelphia correspondent of the New York *Dispatch* givos the following:

We have a Methodist preacher here who is a jolly wag. A few days since, a young man who had been attached to his church and who was about to leave for New Orleans, came to bid his pastor farewell.

"And so you are going to that degenerated place, New Orleans, are you?"

"Yes, sir; but I don't expect to be influenced by an extraneous, pressure of any kind," responded the young man, with considerable earnestness.

"Well, I am glad to see you so confident, I hope the Lord will guide you. But do you know the temptations which exist there?"

"No; not particularly."

"Well, I do; you'll find wanton women in the guise of Paris, tempting the very elect; and rare wines and ardent drinks; and you'll find gay company, and night brawling, and gambling and dissipation, and running after the lusts of the old man Adam."

"Still, sir, I hope to combat these successfully."

"I hope you will, my dear christian brother," was the reply. "I hope you will and let me give you this much for your consolation in case you should fall from grace. The tempter is worse than the sin, and the greater the temptation, the more merit there is in resisting it. The man who goes to Heaven *by way of New Orleans*, is sure to have twice as high a place in eternal glory as he who reaches Paradise through the quiet portals of Connecticut or Pennsylvania."

☞ "The Rocky Mountains," says Horace Greeley, "with their grand, aromatic forests, their glassy glades, their frequent springs, and dancing streams of the brightest, sweetest water, their pure, elastic atmosphere, and their unequalled game and fish, are destined to be a favorite resort to civilized man. I never visited a region where physical life could be more surely prolonged or fully enjoyed."

☞ I plows, I sows, I reaps, I mows, I gets up wood for winter, I digs, I hoes, and taters grows, and, for what I knows, I'm indebted to the printer. I do suppose all knowledge flows, right from the printing press; so off I goes in these ere clothes, and settles up—I guess.

☞ Sanctified afflictions are like so many artificers working on a pious man's crown to make it more bright and massive.

THE GLOBE.

Circulation—the largest in the county.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, September 21, 1859.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACH'T EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS,
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
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NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
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Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the **HUNTINGDON GLOBE.**
BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

ASSEMBLY,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA, of Huntingdon.
SHERIFF,
GEO. W. SPEER, of Shirley.
TREASURER,
JACOB MILLER, of Huntingdon.
COMMISSIONER,
J. W. GALBRAITH, of Shirley bor.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
DAVID BARRICK, of West.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
SAMUEL T. BROWN, of Huntingdon.
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
ROBERT McBURNEY, of Jackson.
AUDITOR,
N. K. COVERT, of Springfield.

New Advertisements.

☞ Notice, by M. Strous.
☞ Concert, by B. M. Greene.
☞ For Sale, by J. J. Lawrence.
☞ Wanted, by Marsh, of Phila.
☞ Auditor's Notice, by A. W. Benedict.
☞ Fall and Winter Clothing, by M. Gutman & Co.

"Extra Pay."

"Truth is said to be slow of foot."
"I demand at the hand of every truth-loving man the whole truth to be told, and if I am injured by it I cannot complain."—*Richard Benson Wigton.*

In his desire for the truth to be told, we shall gratify Mr. Wigton a little. We have been favored in the *Journal*, with the amount received by Africa during the two sessions which he served as Clerk of the Senate, and now we propose to examine the account of Mr. Wigton, as member of the House of Representatives.

R. B. WIGTON:—	
No. of miles circular 264—mileage,	$39 60
Salary,	700 00
Stationery,	25 00
☞	$764 60

This amount of $764 60, was charged and received by Mr. Wigton. Enormous as this sum appears for 101 days services, the amount is not the most objectionable feature in the bill. He has charged for 264 miles circular, the half of which being the number of miles direct, is 132.

According to the official list of members of the House of Representatives, Mr. Wigton's Post Office was Coalmont. His former residence was Orbisonia, his present residence Huntingdon. From these places, his mileage would be as follows, viz:

From Harrisburg to Coalmont by Railroad		
125 miles at 30 cents,		$37 50
" "	" Orbisonia 97 m. at 30cts.,	29 10
" "	" Huntingdon 97 m. at 30cts.,	29 10

Thus it will be seen that if he resided at either of those places, he has fraudulently represented his number of miles too great, and has abstracted from the Public Treasury, money that he was not entitled to receive.

And there is no apology for the commission of this fraud. Everybody here knows the distance from Harrisburg to Huntingdon, Orbisonia or Coalmont, and a man of Mr. Wigton's knowledge could not be ignorant of the correct distance.

Mr. Burley, the member from Blair county, who resided at Tyrone, charged 117 miles, and Mr. Wigton, living in a county nearer Harrisburg, charges 132! Oh! Honesty! Oh! Consistency!

Here we have this model of honesty, in the *dirty*, MEAN business of robbing the Commonwealth of a few dollars mileage. Pretty conduct, truly, for such an *honorable* man!

If any person doubts the correctness of these statements, he can be satisfied by examing page 1160 of the Journal of the House of Representatives. A copy can be seen at the Prothonotary's office.

NOT AT ALL STRANGE—To see certain editors who, not three months ago denounced Douglas as a Black Republican, *now* trying to sneak into his confidence. Before three months more, a majority of them will claim to have been his friends when he most needed them, and after his election in '60, they will be the first at the door of the White House begging for office.

Mr. Buchanan has declined a re-nomination—he is out of the ring. Mr. Breckenridge declines a nomination—he is therefore also out of the ring. Judge Black is now being brought forward, but as it is rather late in the season for him to get into the ring, the course is clear to the only Democrat who can be elected, and that man is Stephen A. Douglas. We may be mistaken in the strength of the "Little Giant," but the daily rise in Douglas stock in every State in the Union, certainly indicates a great change in public opinion in his favor.

☞ "You charge me with travelling with a free pass on the railroad. Did you not know that Mr. Africa did the same?"—*Wigton.*

Yes, we knew that you both had passes on the railroad. We know that you defrauded the Commonwealth in charging your mileage. We know that Mr. Africa DID NOT.

☞ The fact that the *Globe* is still alive, appears to surprise a few of our *very warm friends*. Those most interested—politically as well as pecuniarily—regret that at the proper time there was not a *united* effort to crush us out. *Then*, (with the aid of a lucifer match,) our establishment might have been razed to the ground, but now as we have the whole (including our book store) insured, if it falls, it will fall to rise again, a terror to corrupt party men, speculators in the trade, and high prices.

To our friends indeed, who have stood by us in time of need, we return our sincere thanks, and we assure them that the health of our establishment is as promising now as it ever has been. This truth, we know, will be good news to the hundreds of warm and political personal friends we have in this county, but worm-wood to the scabby would-be party leaders who seek every opportunity to injure us, politically and pecuniarily.

The *Globe* is continued at $1 50 a year, and 75 cents for six months. Our Job Office is most complete for plain and fancy printing of all kinds, and our stock of cards and paper not surpassed by any establishment in the State. Our book, stationery and music store is furnished with a large and well selected stock of miscellaneous and school books, stationery of the best, sheet music, musical instruments, &c., &c. Prices reasonable.—Give us a call, and we will try to accommodate and please you.

P. S.—Potatoes, peaches, apples, eels, snapping-turtles, cabbage, pumpkins, &c., &c., received as presents as usual, free of charge.

☞ The *Journal* and *American* have been exerting themselves for two or three weeks past to make it appear as clear as mud, that J. Simpson Africa is an Infidel. We regret the course those two papers have pursued towards Mr. Africa. Their party is strong enough to defeat him without resorting to means discreditable, not only to themselves, but to their party. Here, where Mr. Africa is known, their charges cannot injure him, but on the contrary will secure him votes from some of the most devout christians in the Opposition party. Mr. Africa is not an Infidel, and we do not believe there is an inquiring man in this community that believes him to be one. It would be a blessing to this town if a large majority of its citizens could show as clean a record as Mr. Africa.

☞ The Republicans of New York, in Convention have refused all connection with the Americans. The same feeling exists in this State. The "Peoples' Party" may hold their wings together during the present campaign, but 1860 will find them in confusion, each contesting separately for power and the spoils. There can be no combination against the Democracy in 1860. The extreme Republicans of the Seward school cannot fraternize with the Americans.

THE GOVERNOR.—A number of our Democratic exchanges are busily engaged manufacturing candidates for Governor. The following have been named:—John Robbins and Wm. White of Philadelphia, John Cresswell, of Blair, Jacob Fry, of Montgomery, Henry D. Foster of Westmoreland, and H. B. Wright, of Luzerne.

☞ Nimrod Strickland has retired from the editorial chair of the *Pennsylvanian*, and his place has been supplied by G. W. Baker, brother to the Collector of the Port of Phila. Nimrod is sharp enough to get on shore before the mud-scow and its crew goes down.

Great Fire at Chicago---$500,000 Worth of Property Destroyed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.

The most disastrous conflagration that has occurred here since the great fire of 1857, took place last night. It broke out about nine o'clock in the stable of F. Mehring & Co., entirely destroying it with its contents, including four valuable horses. The flames then spread to the blacksmith shop No. 45 Canal street, and from thence spread in different directions, consuming the entire block bounded by Clinton, North, Canal, West, Lake and Fulton streets. From this block the fire communicated to Blatchford's Lead Works, and thence to the Hydraulic Mills. This, together with the block bounded by North, Jefferson, Clinton, Fulton, West and Lake streets, was entirely destroyed.

From the north-western corner of Fulton and Canal streets the fire was communicated to the lumber yard of Ryerson & Miller, consuming nearly three million feet valued at $40,000. Thence the fire spread to the lumber yard of L. Sutherland, destroying the entire stock, valued at $10,000. The fire next attacked a lumber yard adjoining, consuming two million feet. The machine shop of Mason & Co., corner of North, Canal and Carroll streets, was totally destroyed.

From Ryerson's lumber yard, the fire communicated to the Vulcan works of Warrington & M'Arthur, and thence to the Vulcan Boiler works, destroying the block bounded by Fulton, Carroll, Clinton, and North Jefferson streets. Two adjoining blocks were partially destroyed. The principle losses are as follows:

J. M. Cochran, Audabon house, loss $60,000, insurance $30,000; Blatchford Lead works, loss $60,000, insurance $40,000; Cochran & Baker Cleveland house, loss $37,000, insurance $27,000; Avery & Co., loss $40,000, insurance $25,000; Hydraulic Mills, $10,000, no insurance; Walter Lull, lumber, $20,000, insurance $5,000; E. A. Rucker's Plaining Mill, $7,000, no insurance.

The total loss is probably not less than half a million, and total insurance will not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The greater part being in New York, Providence, Hartford and Springfield companies.

A large number of the buildings destroyed were dwelling houses and comparatively of little value. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained. Two firemen were slightly injured by falling walls.

The Great Agricultural Fair at Chicago.

Fifty thousand people assembled—Fine display of Cattle—Senators Douglas and Crittenden present—Great enthusiasm for "the Little Giant."

[Correspondence of the Press.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 14, 1859.

The annual fair of the United States Agricultural Society is attracting thousands of strangers to this city. A fair of any kind out in this Western country, where amusements are scarce, is a popular institution and will draw, but the fair of the United States Agricultural Society, which the country folks regard as something even superior to le grand exposition at Paris, held in the great city of Chicago, presents inducements sufficient to draw visitors not only from the most remote parts of Illinois, but also from the surrounding States, and even from the distant East.

The eleven or twelve railroads which lead into the city have been doing a wonderful business, every train which arrives consisting of six or nine cars loaded down with human freight. I came down from Milwaukee yesterday, and the seven cars which composed the train were so crowded that standing room could hardly be found in the aisles of the cars. It is estimated that there are at least fifty thousand strangers in town, and the cry is still they come. The hotels are all full.—The Tremont House accommodated seven hundred and eighty persons last night, and expects to lodge twelve hundred to-night; and the Richmond House, Briggs House, Massasoit House, Matteson House, Sherman House, Adams House, and other hotels all filled to their utmost capacity.

The wonder is where the crowd you see every few minutes issuing from the railroad depots will find room in the thronged city; and I am inclined to think that if the people continue to come in as thick and fast as they have been doing within the past forty eight hours that some of them will be obliged to camp out on the open prairies. Every effort has been made to afford sufficient accommodation for visitors, and an enterprise has been started called the National Fair Registry office which advertises to provide good accommodation for five thousand strangers, at from fifty cents to two dollars per day. All is life and activity, and the streets are as full of bustle as Broadway, N. Y., or Chestnut street, Philadelphia. The shopkeepers are reaping a rich harvest disposing of their goods at prices to suit themselves, and evidently would not object to having a national fair in operation the whole year round with the same circumstances attending it. As it is, they will share among them some two or three hundred thousand dollars during the week it is open.

The fair grounds are situated on a flat prairie, on Cottage Grove avenue, adjoining the property of Senator Douglas, and within a stone's throw of Lake Michigan. They are about three-and-a-half miles distant from the Tremont House, to the centre of the town, and a half mile from the lager beer gardens, which are called the outskirts. The enclosure contains about forty acres, and the arrangements and exhibitions are, in fact, a third or fourth edition of the fair of the United States Society at Powelton, in your city, some years ago, which your readers will all remember.

The display of fine stock is said to be large, and, from appearances, I should judge it to be, having strolled around the grounds and had a back view of the cattle, as they stood in their stalls; but not being skilled in such matters, I am unable to give you an account of the fine points which the eye of the farmer delights in discovering, and the examining committees in rewarding with silver medals or other marks of their distinguished appreciation. The most noticeable thing to me on the grounds or in the town is the crowd, and the interest and curiosity with which everybody examines everything on exhibition.—The ladies throng the halls, as the shed erected for the display of goods which might be injured by exposure to the weather are called, and admire quilts of huge dimensions and wonderful patterns, and other fancy articles of fine art, whilst the gentlemen inspect the machinery, farming implement, Devons and Durhams, Jacks and Jennies, the fast nags, the sheep, &c., and both unite in a stroll through the promological department and admire the mammoth beets, pumpkins, potatoes, and other vegetables, and the lucious pears, apples, peaches, grapes, and other fruit there exhibited.

The fair is very creditable to the society, to the city of Chicago, and to this section of country, and the stranger from the East who visits it cannot fail to feel astonished when he is furnished with evidence sufficient on every hand to convince him that the people out here in the far West, as we are used to to call it, are ahead of their Eastern brethren in the branches of agriculture, whilst they are rapidly competing with them in all the branches of mechanics, manufactures, and art. There are very few entries from the East, owing, no doubt, to the trouble and expense of shipping goods, etc., this distance; besides I believe these fairs generally represent the character and productions of the section of country in which they are held, and seldom, if ever, the whole country, though they are managed by a national society, and are called national fairs.

This is the third day of the fair, and the various committees are busy examining the cattle and horses entered. Monday was devoted to receiving and arranging the goods and stock for exhibition, and yesterday the inaugural or opening ceremonies took place, commencing with a procession in which the military bore a prominent part. Senator Crittenden, of Kentucky, who happened in town on his way home from a trip to Minnesota, delivered the opening address, and was followed by Senator Douglas who, on the part of the Society, welcomed the visiters to the fair and to the city.

To-morrow, Friday and Saturday, are set aside for the trial of the steam plough, and other agricultural implements, and also the fast horses, a number of whom, it is said, will compete for the $1,000 prize. It was expected and reported that Flora Temple and Princess would be entered, and many have come here expecting to see them, but I have heard nothing of their arrival as yet.

A large number of prominent men are in town, among whom are several Republican Senators and members of Congress who go to Minnesota to try and persuade the people of that State to leave off their Democratic habits of thought. They are ravenously hungering after the spoils of the next Congress, and hope to increase the plurality they already have in the next House by the aid of the two members from that State. If what I heard this morning from a gentleman just returned from Minnesota prove true, they will be disappointed, for the Democracy have no idea of defeat.

Senator Douglas leaves this city on his return East to-morrow evening, stopping at Wooster, Ohio, to address the Democracy there on Friday, and then proceed immediately to Washington, without further delay. Since his arrival here on Sunday morning he has been visited by many thousands of people, and the hall of the Tremont House leading to his rooms is constantly filled with those who desire to see him and have a shake of his hand. No man, since the days of Jackson, has obtained so complete a control of the heart of the people, and the wild enthusiasm which his presence everywhere excites shows how thoroughly the sentiment in his favor has spread itself among the masses. I hear that he has been invited to address the Democracy of Wisconsin during the pending canvass and has consented to do so, at Milwaukee some time next month, when he again visits the West. X.

A Woman Murders her Husband and Son, and Commits Suicide.

A fearful tragedy occurred last Sunday a week, at a lonely farm house, three miles from Versailes, Riply county, Indiana. The premises were occupied by a farmer named Windsor, his wife, and a son, the latter aged fourteen years. It seems that the man and woman lived unhappily together, and their frequent violent altercations were a subject of comment to the neighborhood. Upon the afternoon of Sunday, their daughter, who had been upon a visit to a neighboring acquaintance, with whom she remained several days, returned home, and entering the house was paralyzed by a sight of such intense horror as almost to deprive her of reason. Extended upon the floor, weltering in their blood, lay the bodies of her parents and her brother. The man was lying upon his face near the hearth with his head nearly severed from his shoulders; the body of the boy lay in another part of the room with several murderous cuts in his head, and close by the bloody weapon, a sharp axe, with which this double deed of horror had been consummated. In the kitchen adjoining, was the body of the wretched woman, her throat severed from ear to ear, and a large butcher knife, with which she had taken her life, still clasped in her hand.

It is conjectured that while the husband was in the act of kindling a fire upon the hearth, his wife seized the axe and dealt him the fatal blow, which nearly severed the head from the body, and then turning upon her son, who, from being in his night clothes, had evidently in alarm just arisen from his bed, she despatched him with the same weapon, after which she rushed in the next apartment, and concluded the tragedy by the sacrifice of her own life.

The poor girl, who is the sole survivor of the ill-fated family, has received so severe a shock from the scene which was so unexpectedly revealed to her that she has ever since been bordering upon insanity.

Death of Dr. C. J. Hirst.

We find in the *Alleghenian*, the following notice of the death of our esteemed friend, Dr. Hirst:

"It is with feelings of unfeigned sorrow we announce the death of Dr. C. J. Hirst, who departed this life at Galesburg, Ill., on Sunday, the 1st inst. He had but lately left his home in Altoona, Pennsylvania, for a wider field of labor in the growing West; yet, alas, how true we often find it, that 'man proposes, but God disposes." His new home had been to him little else than a bed of sickness and of suffering, terminating only in death. He leaves a most inestimable widow to mourn his early end. We cannot but sympathize with her in this great loss, and pray that the good God who promises to be a husband to the widow, will be very near to her in this her time of need. In his private and professional career, Dr. Hirst had won the esteem of all by his manly deportment and earnest efforts in behalf of morality and religion; and to those who knew him we need only add the following lines, which will find an echo in every heart:—

"He in his duty prompt at every call,
He watched and wept, he prayed and felt for all;
And as a bird each fond endearment tries,
To tempt her new-fledged offspring to the skies,
He tried each art, reproved each dull delay,
Allured to brighter worlds, and led the way."

Successor to Mr. Crittenden.

The Kentucky *Age* says:

Not the least gratifying result of the recent election of this State is the fact that John J. Crittenden will be succeeded in the United State Senate by a Democrat. Already several journals, in various portions of the Commonwealth, have presented the names and claims of distinguished gentlemen, any one of whom will fill the exalted position with honor and dignity. We, too, have our preference, and in presenting our choice, we do not pretend to detract one iota from the pretensions of other gentlemen, whose names have been mentioned in this connection.

For the first time in a period of thirty years, Kentucky's voice in the United States Senate will be Democratic. The Legislature that convenes at Frankfort in December next, will elect the successor of Mr. Crittenden.—To that Legislature we present the name of John C. Breckenridge. One of the most graceful, eloquent, and convicting orators, Kentucky has ever produced; beyond all question the brightest star in the political firmament; a gentlemen of strict morality; the very pink of chivalry and soul of honor, he would take the lead in the Senate, and once more Kentucky would occupy the proud position of having furnished the most accomplished gentleman, the greatest Statesman, and the most eloquent orator to the National Council of the people. It is not our purpose, at this time, to detail the claims of Mr. Breckenridge upon the Democracy of Kentucky.—That is a "labor of love" which we will reserve until another time. We simply desire to put his name before the people as one worthy to be trusted and honored by them.

DEATH BY SNAKE-BITE.—We learn that on Thursday of last week, about one o'clock, a little boy of six years—son of John Weaver, who lives about two miles above Bald Eagle Furnace—followed a cat to the lower end of the garden; when a rattlesnake bit him eleven times, just below the knee. Another little brother called to his father, who was at some distance, that his brother was bitten by a snake. The father ran, picked up the child and put some clay on the wounds, for they were bleeding profusely; he then carried it to the house, but before reaching the house, the child became deathly sick, vomited copiously, and was soon entirely helpless. A physician was sent for, but about nine o'clock the next morning, death put an end to the little fellow's sufferings. It is thought that the fangs of the snake had struck a leading, artery, which carried the poison throughout the child's entire system at once, so that nothing could be done for him when the physician arrived.—*Tyrone Star.*

THE GWIN AND BRODERICK DUEL.—It is reported that Senators Broderick and Gwin, of California, will, when the election in that State is over, fight a duel. In their case, says the Cincinnati *Commercial*, it will be impossible to patch up "an amicable and honorable adjustment." If a duel is fought, the challenge, as the case stands, must come from Broderick. He was speaking within the bounds of propriety of Gwin, when the latter, hearing that his opponent had used disgraceful personalities, retorted, as he supposed. The fact was, Broderick had not used the language that provoked Gwin to heap unpardonable insults upon him. But a quarrel between them was from the first of the canvass seen to be inevitable. Broderick declared that when he opened the campaign that he would not be drawn into a duel. He knew there were a dozeu desperadoes, each ready to put him out of the way. Among these might be counted Pen Johnston and Gov. Denver. The present presumption is, that after the election, Broderick will have satisfaction out of his Senatorial colleague. It may be regarded as certain that if the "Lime Pointer," and the "Five Pointer," as they respectively denominate each other, meet on the "field of honor," the firing must continue until one is dead or disabled.

OLIVER SMITH'S WILL—MARRIAGE PORTIONS FOR THE MILLION.—Many years ago, Oliver Smith, an old bachelor who resided in one of the towns in Hampshire county, Mass., left the bulk of his property to be managed by trustess until it should amount to $400,000, when one-half of the income was to be annually given to twenty-one boys who should faithfully perform certain conditions of the will; one-fourth to eighteen girls; one eighth to fifty-four young women for marriage portions, and the remaining eighth to the same number of indigent and deserving widows.—The required sum will be reached in October next, and accordingly, about $10,800 will hereafter annually be distributed among the boys—about $516 apiece, making quite a prize for those who are lucky enough to secure it; as this distribution is to be an annual thing, an army of boys will in time be furnished with a handsome sum to start life with. $5,400 will be distributed among the girls—$300 apiece; $2,700 for marriage portions, making $50 apiece, which will pay for many of the necessary "fixings;" and the same sum ($50 apiece) to the widows. The trustees of the fund are annually elected, like all other town officers, and the principal of the fund is mainly loaned upon real estate in the various towns of the county. We are unacquainted with the prescribed requirement for obtaining the prizes.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.—Under this head the Cincinnati *Commercial* says:—A day or two since a workman, descending a well which had been excavated on Barr st., was overpowered by the noxious gas, and became insensible. A light was let down, and as immediately extinguished from the same cause, when one of his comrades proposed to descend to his assistance, but was prevented by the foreman who wisely remarked, that one man could be rescued more easily than a couple. As speedily as possible he procured a quantity of unslacked lime, which he cast into the pit, and then dashed a pale of water. The good effect was evident in a brief space of time, for a pull at the rope was felt, and the man was drawn to the surface, having fortunately escaped any ill consequence from the remedy which had been used to dispel the carbonic acid gas.

A SNAKE AMONG THE POULTRY.—A correspondent of the Fredericksburg *Herald*, writing from Madison county, Va., mentions the following as "a fact" which occurred there recently. It is one of those "facts" which are stronger and harder to believe than moderate fiction:

"A lady hearing an alarm in her hen house proceeded to ascertain the cause, and found a very large black snake. She sent immediately for husband, who shot its head off, and upon examination found it contained three eggs, seven chickens, and had swallowed a hen as far as the wings. A few days after another was killed in the same place, and its body contained fifteen eggs.

☞ Twenty-six clergymen of Philadelphia, (Episcopal, Presbyterian, Baptist, Methodist, German Reformed and Dutch Reformed,) have united in an address to "Christians of all denominations," in which they propose that the first Monday in October next be set apart as a day of special prayer "that God would grant that His believing children may be made perfect in one, and that by the operation of the Holy Ghost, all Christians may be so joined together in unity of spirit, and in the bonds of peace, that they may be an holy temple, acceptable unto Him."

DR. HAMPTON'S
COMPOUND DIURETIC PILLS,

are highly recommended by eminent Physicians, as a *safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure for Gravel, Strictures*, and all other diseases or derangement of the bladder and kidneys. *Price fifty cents per box.* Sent to any address free on receipt of price. *Address*
DR. J. T. HAMPTON & CO.,
No. 405 Spruce street, Philadelphia.
ALSO, Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Dr. Hampton's Anti-Rheumatic Mixture,
" " *Medicated Cough Syrup,*
The Great Desideratum or Hair Restorer.
August 24, 1859–2m.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.
THEY ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,

And free from Alcoholic Stimulant, and all injurious ingredients; are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operation, will expel all morbid secretions from the body, give bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame.

They will cure DYSPEPSIA.
They will cure NERVOUS DEBILITY.
They will cure LIVER COMPLAINT.
They will cure JAUNDICE.
They will cure DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.
They will cure CONSTIPATION.
They will cure PILES.
They will cure HEARTBURN.
They will cure SWIMMING OF THE HEAD.
They will cure FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

They are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

NERVOUS DISEASES CONTROLLED AND CONQUERED.

Of all the various ills that detract from the enjoyment of human life, most of them may be traced to a disordered condition of the nervous system. The horrors of Epilepsy, or Falling Sickness, arise in most cases from this cause. Our readers may remember, on several occasions before, we have alluded to the wonderful cures, or modifications of Fits, made by the Vegetable Extract Epileptic Pills, invented and prepared by *Dr. Seth S. Hance*, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. We feel fully satisfied that these Pills have cured some of the most stubborn cases of Epilepsy, as well as the milder forms of Fits, such as severe Cramps, Spasms, &c. We now record the fact, that persons will find these Pills equally efficacious in curing every form of nervous debility;—no matter whether manifested in the acute and excruciating form of Neuralgia, Tic-Doloreux, or Nervous Headache, the misery of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, the sufferings of Rheumatism or Gout, the melancholly hallucination of depressed spirits or hysteria, their effects will be equally happy and certain. Persons in the country can write to the inventor, and have the medicine forwarded to them by mail. The prices are, one box, $3; two boxes $5; twelve boxes $24; and sent to any part of the country, free of postage. Direct your communications to SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

MARSHALL'S PATENT SHOE-MAKER'S ASSISTANT LAST HOLDER.
This machine is designed to hold *a Boot* or *Shoe* of every size, and also in every desired position, for Pegging, Sewing, Paring Off, Buffing, Setting up Edges, &c., thus rendering it unnecessary for the Operator to hold his work either in his hands, upon his knees, or against his breast. He can stand or sit at pleasure. It has also a Lap-Iron attached. The whole apparatus is strong, durable, light, compact and portable.
By the use of this machine, the business in question is greatly facilitated, and also rendered one of the most healthful and pleasant occupations among the mechanical arts.
The above Invention needs only to be seen to be appreciated.
STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE BY
T. W. MAYHEW,
Lancaster City, Pa.
☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜
June 8, 1859–6m.

NEW ERA.
As times and seasons have changed, so has the firm of Love & McDivitt changed to T. P. LOVE.
His old friends and patrons and all new ones, will find him THERE! at his old stand in Market Square, willing and ready to accommodate all, at cash prices. Country produce, and cash in particular, taken in exchange for Goods. Call and see.
The business of the old firm will be settled by T. P. Love, and persons knowing themselves indebted, will confer favor by calling immediately.
Notes taken (where no money can be had) in exchange for old accounts, by
T. P. LOVE.
Huntingdon, June 1, 1859.

READ! READ!! READ!!!
ESENWEIN'S AROMATIC BALSAM,
Is a *remedy* not to be excelled for the *relief* and *cure* of those maladies incident to the *Summer Season*, viz: DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA OR CHOLERA MORBUS, VOMITING, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, etc.
Its excellent Carminative powers, pleasant taste and soothing influence, renders it a valuable remedy in *Infantile* diseases, peculiar to the Second Summer, viz:—*Cholera Infantum, etc.* It has a reinvigorating and tonic influence on the system, allaying inflamation where it exists in the stomach and bowels—and on trial will be found indispensable to the well being of every family. It will be found as well adapted to Adults as Children.—*Try it.*
Prepared only by
A. ESENWEIN, *Dispensing Chemist,*
N. W. Cor. NINTH & POPLAR Sts., PHILADELPHIA.
☞ PRICE 25 cts. per BOTTLE.
☞ Sold by J. Read, Huntingdon, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally.
May 25, 1859–1y.

H. K. NEFF, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
April 13, 1859.

MEDICAL SCIENCE.
The history of "HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS," the most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, and diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, place it among the most astonishing discoveries that have taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which these Bitters are applicable are so universal, that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation. It is a fact that, in the minds of many persons, a prejudice exists against what are called Patent Medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support it as Hoofland's German Bitters? Physicians prescribe it. Why should *you* discard it? Judges, usually considered men of talent, have and do use it in their own families. Why should *you* reject it? Clergymen, and those the most eminent, take it; why should not *you?* Let not your prejudice usurp your reason, to the everlasting injury of your health; if you are sick, and require a medicine, try these Bitters.
These Bitters are prepared and sold by Dr. C. M. Jackson, No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle. See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.
May 11, 1859–1y.

GREAT ARRIVAL
OF BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.
LEVI WESTBROOK,
Has just opened one of the best stocks of BOOTS AND SHOES that ever came to the ancient borough. Ladies, gentlemen, old and young, cannot fail to be suited at his Store. For every style of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear, manufactured of the best material, call at Westbrook's.
LASTS, AND MOROCCO SKINS.
Also—HATS and CAPS for men and boys.
His assortment of goods is too large to enumerate. Call and examine for yourselves.
Don't forget that his Store is now two doors east of the "Globe" building.
Huntingdon, May 4, 1859.

J. BRICKER'S
BRICKER'S
J. BRICKER'S
MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE
IS THE PLACE
IS THE PLACE
IS THE PLACE
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.

JACKSON HOTEL,
RAILROAD STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
Travelers and citizens of the county, are informed that no pains will be spared to make them feel comfortable and at home at this House. [April 6, '59.

MANSION HOUSE,
HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
CHRISTIAN COUTS, Proprietor.
My old patrons and the traveling public in general, may expect warm receptions and good accommodations.
April 6, 1859.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
W. & H. WILLIAMS, Proprietors.
The best accommodations for man and beast. Give us a trial and be convinced. [April 13, '59.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

GREAT EXCITEMENT
AT THE
MAMMOTH STORE!!
J. BRICKER has returned from the East with a tremendous Stock of Goods. They are upon the shelves in his New Rooms, on Hill street, near M'Ateer's Hotel, ready for customers.
His Stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, GENERALLY,
GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE AND GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY AND CEDARWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
And everything to be found in the most extensive stores.
His Stock is New and of the Best, and the public are invited to call and examine, free of charge.
Huntingdon, June 1, 1859.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BUTCHER-KNIVES and Carvers, in great variety, for sale at the Hardware Store of
JAMES A. BROWN.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

ENVELOPES—
By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

THE HUNTINGDON GLOBE, A DEMOCRATIC FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS, &C.

THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, Sept. 21, 1859.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

THE EXCELSIOR CORNET BAND CONCERT.—As was previously announced, this Band gave a concert in the Court House, on Friday evening last, to a pretty full house, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. The consert consisted of marches, schottisches, quicksteps, and waltzes, by the Band, and duetts, waltzes, &c., by a company of gentlemen on violins and guitar. They made excellent music, and added considerable interest to the entertainment, The "Mountain Echo Quickstep," by the Band, we were delighted with. The echo was as natural as it could possibly be, and it was amusing to see the audience looking around in every direction, to see from whence the sound proceeded. "The Firemen's Grand Quickstep" capped the climax. It was composed and dedicated to the firemen, by Prof. Rowbotham, the Excelsior's talented tutor. When the alarm of fire was given, and the bells were rung, we imagined we could see the devouring element bursting forth in all its fury, upon the dwellings of hundreds, hear the women and children shriek, see the firemen hurrying to the spot with their engines, and as the fire spread with almost lightning speed, and the noise and confusion became greater, we imagined we were in the midst of that awful and destructive element. The bells were hurriedly rung, orders given by the captain, and all were busily engaged in putting out the fire, when we were brought again to realize the fact that we were comfortably seated in the Court House, listening to the Excelsior. So perfect was the imitation, that we were thus carried away. We heard a gentleman at our elbow, remark that the "Excelsior was the best country Band in the State;" we fully concur with him, and what's more, hazard the assertion that they can excel any Band between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Success attend them.

A BEAUTIFUL SIGHT.—A few days ago we visited the top of the hill, just opposite town, on the other side of the river. After climbing up an almost perpendicular path for about half an hour, we arrived at the summit of the hill, and after making our way to one of nature's own observatories, we never before beheld a sight half so beautiful. As far as the eye could reach, could be seen an unbroken chain of the most picturesque scenery imaginable. We gazed long and silently at the fertile vallies, and gorgeous range of mountains which surrounded us on every side. The blue etherial smoke of an Indian summer day made the scene even more interesting. The artist's pencil has never, as yet, painted anything half so grand; would he try, we think he would shrink from the task and declare it impossible. We would not censure him for it either. Although the task of climbing the hill is difficult, we think a visit to the top will doubly repay any one for their trouble. Would our ladies, and some of the gentlemen, too, climb that hill at least once a day, we think it would do them more good than all the medicine in the world. It would drive away consumption, and all other diseases of similar character brought on by sedentary habits and close confinement to business. It would also be a capital idea to have a walk made, so that it would be easier of access. We are so delighted with what we saw, that we intend visiting it soon again, and advise all who want to "see a sight as is a sight," to go and do likewise. We give our word for it, you will not be disappointed.

☞ Tower's English Grammar, 45cts.—The Scholar's Companion, 50cts. Sanders' High School Reader, 80cts. Colburn's Arithmetic and its Applications, 62½cts.—Brown's First Lines of English Grammar, designed for young learners, introduction price to Oct. 1st, 12½cts. Brown's Institutes of English Grammar, for the higher classes, introduction price to Oct., 1st, 25cts.

Also, Osgood's Series, wholesale and retail; and most other school books now in use; *For sale at Lewis' Book Store.*

PRESENTS.—Our elderly lady friend, Mrs. M. Yocum, of Juniata township, has our thanks for a half bushel of fine baking apples.

Mr. T. J. Sankey of Henderson, has our thanks for a basket of fine peaches and pears.

Mr. David Miller at the Huntingdon Dam, has our thanks for three messes of large eels. Hope the run will continue. We are anxious to hear of the luck of our friend down stream.

☞ We were favored on Friday and Saturday last, with another rain. It rained incessantly from Friday evening till Saturday afternoon. We learn that the storm was very severe in the east. Blowing a perfect hurricane, up-rooting trees, tearing down fences, and flooding everything before it. We have not learned of any serious damage being done, more than what we have enumerated.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL.—On Monday last, Gen. William Dunn, the *great* Western tourist, returned to this place from a trip to Kansas, or some other place, to quarter for the winter. The Gen. looks hearty, and says he had a pleasant trip. He walked from Kankakee, Illinois, to this place.

NEW CLOTHING.—M. Gutman & Co., have received a handsome assortment of ready-made clothing for fall and winter. Give them a call.

☞ We see by our exchanges, that the managers of the County Fairs adjoining us, are putting up seats for the accommodation of exhibitors and others, and we suggest the idea to our managers, of putting up seats on our Fair grounds, as persons, especially the ladies, become very much fatigued standing all day. The cost would not be a very great deal.

☞ Two encampments commenced on Monday last. One at Tyrone and the other at Lewistown. It is expected that there will be a large turn out at both places, and a grand time generally, may be looked for.

☞ Most of our merchants will be receiving their new goods this week. For bargains the columns of the *Globe* can be consulted, as all who are anxious for customers are liberal advertisers.

☞ A musical jubilee is to take place at Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, on Saturday next. Prof. H. Coyle of this place has been selected to deliver an address suitable to the occasion.

☞ The little folks will find a handsome assortment of new books at Lewis'. Toy bibles, song and picture books by the thousand. Call and please your children.

THE FAIR.—The Committee are preparing the ground and erecting buildings and stalls, for the accommodation of the great crowd expected.

FAMILY BIBLES.—Any family in want of a family bible should call at Lewis's Book Store. He has just received a fine assortment.

☞ Materials for Flowers, handsomely assorted in boxes, just received and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

☞ A new stock of violins and bows, accordeons and fifes, just received at Lewis' Book Store.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

MOORESVILLE, Sept. 10, 1859.

MR. EDITOR:—The morning is one of beauty. One that brings to our minds reminiscences of the past. One that causes us to look back to those by-gone days that found us pleasuring ourselves amid the scenes of youth; those days when we took our place in the family circle of the old homestead, and were taught the great difficulties that would have to be encountered in the future—in the setting out to perform our duty in the business of life. Ah! the future has come, and we find ourselves floating on the tide of time as fast as the golden moments can row us along—along towards Eternity. Many trials and difficulties have been encountered, and who knows but what many have yet to be battled before we end our earthly career. But, Mr. Editor, ere my imaginations reach beyond a description of my pen, I will close this subject, and proceed with some of the trials and difficulties of our town.

The young men of this place have been endeavoring to organize a Literary Society, the last three months, and have been so unlucky as to be unsuccessful in the organization.—Several appointments have been made, but all proved like the widow's egg keg, "knocked in the head." Why it is Mooresville is behind in Literary Associations, I cannot tell. The material is sufficient—consisting chiefly of students, and a selection of more intelligent students (my humble self excepted,) could not be made. This being the case, we hope the students in general and others in the vicinity, will take matters into consideration after the commencement of the approaching session of our "Collegiate Institute," and organize a society, that they may be enabled to occupy the stump, as our young orator, Mr. Jno. Lightner did the other evening, and express their sentiments on the "Slavery question." (Mr. Lightner being favored with a "gift of the gab," gave Slavery "particular fits."

Come then ye literary men
And form a literary band,
That literature may be your theme,
As you literary stand.

Politics appear to be the conversation of the day, throughout the valley in which Mooresville is situated, and raises quite an excitement occasionally among our leading politicians. Several candidates were at this place, or rather near by, a few weeks ago, and appeared to be exerting themselves considerably in the great cause of securing an election. Among the number, was Mr. J. S. Africa, the gentleman who is thought will be elected at the next ballot-box, notwithstanding the thoughts of some opponents, regarding the existence and non-existence of a God.

On Thursday last, a difficulty arose between one of the weaker sex and a fellow-student, which caused a little "rumpus" on the side of the literary genius. In a few minutes after the "fracas," he was seen going it at the rapid speed of 2.40, not to the other side of Jordan, but to the other side of Stone Creek, feeling deeply impressed that

Amid women and broomsticks and children combined,
Words are much better when they are confined.

Fearing I have already wearied your patience, Mr. Editor, I will close my Ps for the present, by extending to you my ☞. More anon. RIDGER.

REMARKABLE ACCIDENT—DOG KILLED, BUT AN INFANT SAVED.—A remarkable accident occurred a few days ago at the corner of Third and Race streets, in which a dog accidentally became the preserver of a child's life, and lost its own. It seems that an infant child of Mrs. Burns, residing in the second story of a building at the corner of Pearl and Race streets, was placed at one of the windows by its mother. Unbeknown to her, however, it clambered up into the window, and while playing on the sill lost its balance and fell to the street.

Just at that time a dog happened to be passing, and, as if providential, the child fell directly upon the back of the dog. The fall crushed the animal to the pavement, on to which the infant rolled apparently but little hurt. Those who witnessed the accident, supposed that the child would be instantly killed, and were astonished, on examination, to find it but slightly injured. Not so, however, with poor Tray. He had received mortal injury. He streched himself out, kicked, gaped, and breathed his last. The accident is one of the most remarkable we ever heard of.—*Cincinnati Times.*

DIED,

On the 18th inst., in this place, FRANCIS, only daughter of J. W. & E. Butcher, aged 3 years and 9 months.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

MONDAY, Sept. 19.—In Flour there is little doing; fresh ground superfine is offered at $5 ℔ bbl, at from that figure to $5,50@6,50 ℔ bbl for extra and fancy brands, as in quality. Rye Flour is scarce, and a small sale is reported at $4 ℔ bbl. In Corn Meal nothing doing, and Pennsylvania Meal is merely nominal at $3,50 ℔ bbl. The demand for Wheat is limited, and the market unsettled and dull, only about 2000 bus having been disposed of in lots at 116@118c for good and prime reds, and 125@130c for white, chiefly of the former description. Rye is in steady demand at 75c for new and 80c for old. Corn is scarce, and about 4000 bus Southern yellow, not prime, sold at 80c in store; 4000 bus white brought the same price.—Oats are unchanged, and about 2000 bus sold last evening at 36 cents.

FOR SALE.—The two frame Dwelling Houses on the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad, near the Depot. The purchaser to remove them before January 1st next.
Enquire of J. J. LAWRENCE,
Sept. 21, 1859-3t. Superintendent.

WANTED.—A CLERK who has a cash capital of $3,000.—To take an interest in the concern. For particulars, address or call at MARSH'S MUSIC STORE, No. 1102 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
☞ Good references required. [Sept. 21, 1m.]

CONCERT.—The class in Vocal Music at the Cassville Seminary intend giving a concert on Thursday evening, September 29th inst., to which the public generally, and the lovers of music particularly, are cordially invited to attend.
Exercises to commence at 6¼ o'clock.
B. M. GREENE,
Sept. 21, 1859. Teacher.

NOTICE.—The subscriber informs his numerous customers that he will receive a large stock of new goods this week. On the 5th of October, he will offer at Public Sale in front of his store, five Waterloo Winnowing Mills.
The public will give this notice their attention.
M. SHROUS.
Huntingdon, Sept. 21, 1859.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed to distribute the proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate of A. W. Crum, in the hands of Graffus Miller, Sheriff, will attend to his duties at his office in Huntingdon, on Friday, October 21, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M. All persons having claims upon this fund, are required to present them before the Auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.
A. W. BENEDICT,
Sept. 21, 1859-4t. Auditor.

1859. 1859.
FALL & WINTER CLOTHING.—The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of our friends and customers, as well as the citizens of the town and country generally, to our new and extensive assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
consisting of every article of gentlemens' furnishing goods. We deem it unnecessary to make a newspaper flourish, being confident that a call and an examination of our goods, will satisfy all, that our goods are just what we recommend them to be, well made, of good material, and as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in the county of Huntingdon. It is not our desire, as it is not the policy of honest men, to deceive, but this much we will say, that we will guarantee to all who may favor us with their patronage, entire satisfaction as to quality, fit and price. Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing, not found in our stock, by leaving their measure, they can be accommodated at short notice. Call at the corner of the diamond, Long's new house.
M. GUTMAN & CO.
Sept. 21, 1859.

PERSONS HAVING REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, will find *THE VALLEY STAR* the best advertising medium in Cumberland Valley or Southern Pennsylvania. Advertisements can be ordered through the *Globe*, or sent direct to the undersigned.
J. M. MILLER,
2m. Newville, Pa.

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TEACHERS.—FIVE SCHOOL TEACHERS WANTED.—The Directors of Carbon township will meet in Minersville School House, on Saturday, September 24, for the purpose of employing teachers to take charge of the public schools of said township for the coming winter. A salary of $35 will be paid for No. 1 certificate in full; $30 for No. 2, and $25 for No. 3, and under No. 2.
By order of the President.
O. W. MOORE, Secretary.
Coalmont, Sept. 14, 1859-2t.

DRAWING AND PAINTING.—Perspective, Marine Water Color, Crayon and Mou... ochramatic Drawing, Oriental or Grecian and Pearl Painting, Lithographing or Steel Engraving on Glass, Ornamental Leather or Shell Work, and all description o... Fancy Needle and Ornamental Work, taught by
MISS NANCY McDIVITT, Huntingdon.
Young ladies and others wishing to receive instruction in either of the above branches, are invited to call and examine specimens at her residence, on Church street, two doors east of the Methodist Church. Terms moderate.—Full satisfaction rendered or no charge.
Sept. 14, 1859-tf.

MOUNTAIN FEMALE SEMINARY, BIRMINGHAM.—The closing exercises of the Summer Session of this Institution will commence on Monday, September 26th, and close on the 28th.
Rev. George Guyer will deliver the Semi-Annual Address on the afternoon of the 28th. Concert in the evening of the same day.
The morning train west will stop at Birmingham on Wednesday and Thursday, also, the train east on Wednesday evening at 10 o'clock, in addition to the usual trains.
The citizens cordially invite strangers to share the hospitality during the exercises. Next session will open October 27.
L. G. GRIER,
Sept. 14, 1859. Principal.

LAW BLANK STORE, *No. 230 Dock street, Philadelphia*
ESTABLISHED IN 1831.
The subscribers respectfully call the attention of numerous
SHERIFFS, PROTHONOTARIES, LAWYERS, MAGISTRATES AND OTHERS,
to their large stock of Law Blanks, forms, which an experience of nearly 30 years enables them to present with great accuracy of form and neatness of style. Orders solicited. A printed list of our Blanks will be forwarded on application, free of charge.
JOHN CLARK & SON,
230 Dock street, Philadelphia
Sept. 14, 1859-1m.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—Passenger Trains arrive and depart as follows:
MORNING TRAIN
For HOPEWELL & intermediate Stations, leaves at 7:40 A. M.
Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 12:33 P. M.
EVENING TRAIN
For SAXTON and intermediate Stations, leaves at 5:00 P. M.
Returning, arrives at HUNTINGDON at 8:36 P. M.
JNO. J. LAWRENCE,
Huntingdon, Sept. 14, 1859. *Superintendent.*

COUNTY FAIR.—The Books of Entry are now ready to receive entries of articles for Exhibition, at the ensuing County Agricultural Fair, to be held on the 4th, 5th and 6th days of October next.
Entries may be made by mail as well as in person, addressing either of the Secretaries, stating the exhibitor's name and post office address; also, the name, sire and age of the animal offered for exhibition, as well as the class on which any article is intended to compete. Any person purchasing a family ticket, (price one dollar,) will be entitled to enter as many different articles or stock as they may wish, in any of the departments, without additional charge. Each exhibitor will be furnished with a ticket of Exhibition for each article entered, with the number and class. The grounds, structures, stalls, &c., will be fully completed and in readiness before the commencement of the Exhibition.
R. McDIVITT,
J. F. RAMEY,
Huntingdon, Sept. 14, 1859. Secretaries.

TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS.—The undersigned will meet the Teachers and School Directors in their respective Districts, as indicated in the following table:

Carbon,	Sept 10,	Coalmont
Porter and Alexandria,	" 12,	Alexandria
West,	" 13,	Petersburg
Walker,	" 14,	McConnellstown
Juniata and Henderson,	" 15,	Huntingdon
Brady,	" 16,	Mill Creek
Oneida,	" 17,	Dona's
Shirley and Shirleysburg,	" 20,	Shirleysburg
Barree,	" 22,	Manor Hill
Jackson,	" 23,	McAlavys Fort

The hour for meeting at each of the above places, will be 9 o'clock, A. M. Teachers are requested to be punctual.
ALBERT OWEN,
Sept. 7, 1859. County Superintendent.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

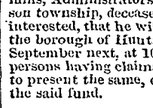
GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.
PROCLAMATION.—NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION.—Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, 1839. I, GRAFFUS MILLER, High Sheriff of the county of Huntingdon, in the State of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give public notice to the electors of the said county of Huntingdon, that an election will be held in the said county on the SECOND TUESDAY, (and 11th day) of *OCTOBER*, 1859, at which time, State and County officers, as follows, will be elected, to wit:
One person to fill the office of Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
One person to fill the office of Surveyor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
One person to fill the office of Member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.
One person to fill the office of Sheriff of Huntingdon county.
One person to fill the office of Treasurer of Huntingdon county.
One person to fill the office of County Commissioner of Huntingdon county.
One person to fill the office of Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county.
One person to fill the office of District Attorney of Huntingdon county.
One person to fill the office of County Surveyor of Huntingdon county.
Two persons to fill the office of Auditor of Huntingdon county.
In pursuance of said act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several election districts within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:
1st district, composed of the township of Henderson, at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon.
2d district, composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's, in said township.
3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 19th district, at the school house adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.
4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at Rough and Ready Furnace.
5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.
6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg, and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of District No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd, in Shirleysburg.
7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker township, and so much of West township as is included in the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of Tobias Caufman's Farm on the bank of the Little Juniata river, to the lower end of Jackson's narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the most southerly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north 40 degrees west to the top of Tussey's mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to Little Juniata river, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the public school house opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.
8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house of Geo. W. Mattern, in said township.
9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union school house, near the Union Meeting house, in said township.
10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township.
11th district, composed of Union township, at the school house, near Ezekiel Corbin's, in said township.
12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre school house, in said township.
13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.
14th district, composed of that part of West township not included in 7th and 26th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, (formerly owned by James Ennis,) in said township.
15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Magaby, in M'Connellstown.
16th district, composed of the township of Tod, at the Green school house, in said township.
17th district, composed of Oneida township, at the Centre Union school house, near Gorsuch's.
18th district, composed of Cromwell township, at the house now occupied by David Etnire, in Orbisonia.
19th district, composed of the borough of Birmingham, with the several tracts of land near to and attached to the same, now owned and occupied by Thomas M. Owens, John C. McCahan, Andrew Robeson, John Gensimer and Wm. Gensimer, and the tract of land now owned by George and John Shoenberger, known as the Porter tract, situate in the township of Warriorsmark, at the public school house in said borough.
20th district, composed of the township of Cass, at the public school house in Cassville, in said township.
21st district, composed of the township of Jackson, at the public house of Edward Littles, at McAlcavy's Fort, in said township.
22d district, composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottsville.
23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Marklesburg, in said township.
24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit:—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, lying and being within the following described boundaries, namely: beginning at the intersection of Union and Shirley township lines with the Juniata river, on the south side thereof; thence along said Union township line for the distance of three miles from said river; thence eastwardly, by a straight line, to the point where the main run from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of Sandy ridge; thence northwardly along the summit of Sandy ridge to the river, Juniata, and thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall hereafter form a seperate election district; that the qualified voters of said election district shall hereafter hold their general and township elections in the public school house in Mount Union, in said district.
25th district, composed of the borough of Huntingdon, at the Court House in said borough.
26th district, composed of the borough of Petersburg and that part of West township, west and north of a line between Henderson and West townships, at or near the Warm Springs, to the Franklin township line on the top of Tussey's mountain, so as to include in the new district the houses of David Waldsmith, Jacob Longanecker, Thos. Hamer, James Porter, and John Wall, at the school house, in the borough of Petersburg.
27th district, composed of Juniata township, at the house of John Peightal, on the lands of Henry Isenberg.
28th district, composed of Carbon township, recently erected out of a part of the territory of Tod township, to wit: commencing at a Chestnut Oak, on the Summit Terrace mountain, at the Hopewell township line opposite the dividing ridge, in the Little valley; thence south fifty-two degrees, east three hundred and sixty perches, to a stone heap on the Western Summit of Broad Top mountain; thence north sixty-seven degrees, east three hundred and twelve perches, to a Yellow Pine; thence south fifty-two degrees, east seven hundred and seventy-two perches, to a Chestnut Oak; thence south fourteen degrees, east three hundred and fifty-one perches, to a Chestnut at the east end of Henry S. Green's land; thence south thirty-one and a half degrees, east two hundred and ninety-four perches, to a Chestnut Oak on the summit of a spur of Broad Top, on the western side of John Terrel's farm; south sixty-five degrees, east nine hundred and thirty-four perches, to a stone heap on the Clay township line, at the Broad Top City Hotel, kept by Jos. Morrison, in said township.
I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."
Also, that in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as judge, or inspector or clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth."
Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 67th section of the act aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one of the judges from each district at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year on Friday, the 15th of October next, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend said meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken in charge by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, and shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.
Also, that in the 61st section of said act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."
GIVEN under my hand, at Huntingdon, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1859, and of the independence of the United States, the eighty-third.
GRAFFUS MILLER, *Sheriff.*
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Sept. 14, '59. 4t.

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the House, Lot and Stable situate in Mount Union, Huntingdon county, Pa., on the Great Central Penna. Railroad. The property belonging to the heirs of James G. Doyle, deceased. The buildings are all new and substantial, and are well calculated for a tavern stand. Any person wishing to rent, will call on the subscriber at Shirleysburg, or John A. Doyle, Mount Union. Possession will be given on the first day of November next.
JOHN LONG,
Sept. 7, 1859-3t. Guardian.

THE CELEBRATED HORSE NORMAN will stand for service at the stable of Gen. Wilson in Huntingdon, until the County Fair in October.
Sept. 7, 1859-3t.] A. LEWIS.

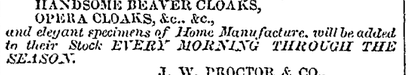
HAMS, SHOULDERS AND SIDES for sale at T. P. LOVE'S.

PLATFORM SCALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, SUITABLE FOR RAILROADS, &c., for weighing hay, coal, ore and merchandise generally. Purchasers run no risk, *every scale is guaranteed* correct, and if, after trial, not found satisfactory, can be returned without charge.
☞ Factory at the old stand, established for more than thirty-five years. ABBOTT & CO.,
Corner of Ninth and Melon streets,
Sept. 7, 1859-3m. PHILADELPHIA.



VIOLINS, GUITARS, SYMPHONIANS AND ACCORDEONS,
For sale cheap at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

JOSEPH FUSSELL, *No. 2 North Fourth street, Philadelphia,* Manufacturer of superior quality of UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, has now in his stock the most complete assortment, embracing many new styles, some of which can be found in no other establishment, and which he is prepared to offer to *cash and short time* purchasers, at very satisfactory prices. [Sept. 7, 1859-1m.]



BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Samuel Myton, deceased, late of West township.

TAKE NOTICE, that an Inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of Samuel Myton, deceased, in the township of West, in the county of Huntingdon, on the 18th day of October, 1859, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law—at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.
GRAFFUS MILLER, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, August 31, 1859-3t.

[Estate of William Myton, late of West township, dec'd.]

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of David Barrick and Alex. B. Cunningham, Administrators of Samuel D. Myton, who was one of the Executors of William Myton, late of West township, dec'd., hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend to his duties at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, on Thursday, the 22d day of September next, at one o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons having claims against said fund are required to present the same, or be debarred from coming in upon the said fund.
THEO. H. CREMER,
August 31, 1859-4t. Auditor.

MUSIC THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawn—Grobe's New Method for the Piano-Forte—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

[Estate of Wm. Cummins, late of Jackson township, dec'd.]

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of George Jackson and John Cummins, Administrators of William Cummins, late of Jackson township, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend to his duty at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, on Friday, the 23rd day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons having claims against the said fund are required to present the same, or be debarred from coming in upon the said fund.
THEO. H. CREMER,
August 31, 1859-4t. Auditor.

THE PARIS MANTILLA AND CLOAK EMPORIUM, No. 708 Chestnut street, *above Seventh,* PHILADELPHIA.
The subscribers invite the attention of *Ladies,* to their Stock of there Elegant Garments, of which being a *specialty,* they are enabled to offer the most complete assortment in the city.
They will open in the course of *September* and *October,* their IMPORTATIONS consisting of
EMBROIDERED VELVET CLOAKS,
HANDSOME BEAVER CLOAKS,
OPERA CLOAKS, &c., &c.,
and elegant specimens of Home Manufacture, will be added to their Stock EVERY MORNING THROUGH THE SEASON.
J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
Importers and Manufacturers of
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
No. 708 Chestnut street, (above 7th,,) PHILAD'A.
August 31, 1859-3m.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE Near HUNTINGDON, PA.—*ORPHANS' COURT SALE.*
In pursuance of Orders of the Orphans' Court of the county of Huntingdon, the Tracts of Land, &c., hereinafter described, situate in said county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, ON THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1859, as the property of JOHN KER, late of said county, dec'd., to wit:

1. All that tract marked (A) in the diagram annexed to the return of the Inquest, containing 237 acres and 130 perches, it being the Mansion Farm of said dec'd. About one-half of this tract is cleared and under cultivation; about 40 acres of which is meadow. Running water for cattle, &c., may be readily introduced into almost every field upon this farm. There are upon it a two story frame dwelling house, a large *brick barn and other buildings.* Also, a good apple orchard.

2. *All that Tract* marked (C) in said diagram, containing 237 acres and 68 perches, and called the Moore Farm. Somewhat more than half of this tract is cleared and under cultivation, a fair proportion of which is meadow. On account of the nearness of these two farms to the borough of Huntingdon, and the large quantity of meadow upon each, they would be well suited for grazing or stock farms.

3. All that Tract marked (D) in said diagram, containing 185 acres, 132 perches; about one-half of this tract is cleared and under cultivation, and has thereon erected, two tenant houses.

4. All that Tract marked (E) in said diagram, containing 214 acres, 87 perches; about 100 acres of this tract are cleared and under cultivation. No buildings thereon.

5. All that Tract marked (G) in said diagram, containing 119 acres—Woodland.

6. All that Tract marked (K) in said diagram, containing 87 acres, 147 perches—Woodland.

7. All that Tract marked (L) in said diagram, containing 148 acres, 83 perches—Woodland.

8. All that Tract marked (M) in said diagram, containing 117 acres, 147 perches—Woodland.

9. An undivided interest in Milnwood Academy in Dublin township, the extent of which interest will be made known on the day of sale.

10. All that Tract marked (B) in said diagram, containing 203 acres, 39 perches, and called the Leffland or Spring House farm; about one-half of this tract is cleared, and has thereon a dwelling house, saw-mill, and an excellent spring of water. To be sold as the real estate of Joshua A. Ker, deceased, under his last Will.

11. All that Tract marked in said diagram with the letter (F) containing 179 acres, 124 perches, and called the Creek Farm; about 80 acres thereof are cleared, and a dwelling house thereon erected; the uncleared part of this tract is heavily timbered. To be sold as the Real Estate of Henry M. Ker, deceased, under his last Will.

All these lands, *except Milnwood,* lie in one body, near the borough of Huntingdon, and will be sold together or separately, so as to suit purchasers. TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue to be payable with interest, at such times as may be agreed upon on the day of sale. The unpaid purchase money to be secured by Bonds and Mortgage.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day. Attendance will be given by
DAVID S. KER, *Trustee.*
August 31, 1859.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor appointed to distribute the proceeds of Sheriff's sale of the real estate of David H. Foster, will attend to his duties at the office of Miles & Dorris, on Thursday the 22d day of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M.
WILLIAM DORRIS Jr.
Huntingdon Aug. 24 1859. Auditor.

BELL, GARRETTSON & CO., *BANKERS,* HUNTINGDON, PA.
A general Banking business done. Drafts on Philadelphia, Pittsburg, &c., constantly for sale. Money received on deposit, payable on demand without interest, or on time with interest at fair rates.
August 17, 1859.*

WOSTENHOLMS' Celebrated IXL Knives and Razors, for sale by
JAS. A. BROWN.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.—Collectors of 1858 and previous years, who have not been already issued against, are hereby required to have your duplicates paid off, on or before the first day of November next, or the balance of your accounts will be put into the hands of the Sheriff for collection.
The collectors of 1859 are required to have the one half of their duplicates paid against the November Court, and to have them fully settled up on or before the first day of April, 1860. If not paid by that time, the balance of their accounts will be immediately placed in the hands of the Sheriff for collection.
By order of Commissioners.
HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.
August 17, 1859.

FRUIT JARS!! FRUIT JARS!!! Made AIR-TIGHT by simply TURNING A SCREW. Sold only at the Hardware Store of
Aug. 10. JAS. A. BROWN.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY EXHIBITION.—The Ninth Annual Exhibition of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society, will be held at Powelton, Philadelphia, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th, days of September next. On the 1st September, the Secretary will remove to the Rooms of the Philadelphia Society for the promotion of Agriculture, No. 626 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, where Books of Entry for the Exhibition will be opened.
Letters addressed to the *Secretary,* at Harrisburg, or *John McGowen,* Philadelphia, or to *Charles K. Engle,* Bustleton, will meet with attention till 1st September.
DAVID TAGGART, President.
A. O. HEISTER, Secretary.
☞ Goods for Exhibition, carried on all the Railroads in the State, to and fro, free of charge.
August 17, 1859.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Three Teachers are wanted to take charge of the Common Schools in the borough of Alexandria. Application should be made immediately, as the Schools will open the middle of September.
Persons applying will address
J. J. BELLMAN,
President of the Board of Directors.
Alexandria, August 10, 1859.

GROCERY STORE.—The undersigned having opened out opposite the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad depot, in Huntingdon, is determined to sell all articles usually kept in Grocery Stores, CHEAP FOR CASH, OR APPROVED COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.
FRANCIS B. WALLACE.
Huntingdon, Aug. 10, 1859.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of ISRAEL SMILEY, late of Barree township, Huntingdon county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby notify all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.
CHARLOTTE SMILEY,
JOHN SMILEY,
August 10, 1859. Administrators.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE.
We would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally, that we have just opened our *New Watch, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware Establishment,* at No. 622 MARKET street, where we offer *Wholesale and Retail,* at the lowest *Cash Prices,* a large and very choice stock of every description of goods usually kept in a first class Watch and Jewelry Store.
We hope by untiring efforts to accommodate and please not only to retain all our former patrons, but merit and secure a large accession to the same.
Every description of *Diamond Work* and other *Jewelry,* made to order at short notice.
☞ *All goods warranted to be as represented.*
☞ Particular attention given to the *repairing of Watches and Jewelry* of every description.
STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 MARKET street, *South Side,* PHILAD'A.
N. B.—We will continue our Old Store, No. 148 North *Second* street, for a short time only.
August 3, 1859-3m.

THE CASSVILLE

LIST OF PREMIUMS AND AWARDING Committees for the Fifth Annual Exhibition of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, to be held at Huntingdon, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 4th, 5th and 6th days of October, 1859:

CLASS 1. HORSES—BRED STOCK.

Best stallion,	$7 00	2d best,	1 00
2d best,	4 00	3d best,	Youatt
3d best,	Youatt	Best colt 5 mos.	
Best 2 yr old,	3 00	old or under,	3 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	2 00
3d best,	Youatt	3d best,	1 00
Best gelding,	2 00	Best brood mare,	5 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	3 00
3d best,	Youatt	3d best,	2 00
Best filly,	2 00		

COMMON STOCK.

Best draught stal,	7 00	3d best,	Youatt
Best 3 yr old,	4 00	Best draught hor,	3 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best under 1 yr,	3 00	3d best,	1 00
2d best,	2 00	Best riding horse,	4 00
Best 3 yr old filly,	3 00	2d best,	2 00
2d best,	2 00	Best pr matches,	6 00
3d best,	Youatt	2d best,	4 00
Best 2 yr old colt,	3 00	Best trotter,	3 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best brood mare,	5 00	Best fam horse,	3 00
2d best,	3 00	2d best,	2 00
3d best,	2 00	Best pr mules,	4 00
Best yearling colt,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
2d best,	1 00		

Awarding Committee.—George W. Johnston, Barree; John Rhodes, Henderson; Jonathan Wilson, West, James Entriken, Hopewell, T. E. Orbison, Orbisonia.

CLASS 2.—NEAT STOCK.

SHORT HORNS.

Best bull,	5 00	Best bull,	5 00
2d best,	3 00	2d best,	3 00
Best cow,	4 00	Best cow,	4 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best heifer,	3 00	Best heifer,	3 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best calf,	2 00	Best calf,	2 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	1 00

DEVON.

ALDERNEY.

Best bull,	5 00	Best work oxen,	6 00
2d best,	3 00	2d best.	4 00
Best cow,	4 00	Best bull,	5 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	3 00
Best heifer,	3 00	Best cow,	4 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best calf,	2 00	Best 2 year old heifer,	2 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	1 00
		Best calf,	2 00
		2d best,	1 00

COMMON.

Awarding Committee.—Alex. M. Oaks, Barree; Jacob Musser, Brady; Jacob Weaver, Hopewell; Henry Lee, Jackson; Richard Chilcote, Union.

CLASS 3.—HOGS.

Best boar,	5 00	2d best,	2 00
2d best,	3 00	Best chest. white,	3 00
3d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best sow,	4 00	Best Berkshire,	3 00
2d best,	2 00	2d best,	2 00
Best litter of pigs,	3 00		

Awarding Committee.—John S. Isett, Franklin; John Weston, Brady; Charles Porter, Alexandria, Daniel Flenner, Walker; Peter Shaffer, Morris.

CLASS 4.—SHEEP.

Best L. W. buck, Bakewell,	5 00	Best ewe,	5 00
2d best,	3 00	2d best,	3 00
Best Southdown,	5 00	Best long w. ewe,	5 00
2d best,	3 00	2d best,	3 00
Best fine w. do.,	5 00	Best South'n do.,	5 00
2d best,	3 00	2d best,	3 00

Awarding Committee.—Levi Evans, Carbon; John Hewitt, Porter; A. S. Oaks, Jackson; Jacob Hoover, Penn; Jas. Neely, Dublin.

CLASS 5.—PLOWING.

Best,	4 00	3d best,	2 00
2d best,	3 00	4th best,	1 00

Awarding Committee.—Benj. Neff, (of And.) Porter; Robert B. Wilson, West; N. G. M'Divit, Oneida; Geo. Wilson, Tell; Wm. Hutchison, Warriorsmark.

CLASS 6.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best plow, subsoil,	3 00	Best wheat drill,	3 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	2 00
Best harrow,	2 00	Best cornplanter,	2 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	1 00
Best cultivator,	2 00	Best mower and reaper,	3 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	2 00
Best hill s. plow,	2 00	Best straw and fodder cutter,	2 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	1 00
Best windmill,	2 00		
2d best,	1 00		

Awarding Committee.—Hon. Jon. McWilliams, Franklin; J. Nelson Ball, Huntingdon; Peter Tippery, Morris; E. B. Wilson, Cassville; John McComb, Union.

CLASS 7.—GRAIN.

Best white wheat,	2 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	1 00	Best rye,	1 00
3d best,	50	2d best,	50
Best red wheat,	2 00	Best oats,	1 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	50
3d best,	50	Best buckwheat,	1 00
Best yellow corn,	1 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	50	Best barley,	1 00
Best white corn,	1 00	2d best,	50

Awarding Committee.—John R. Hunter, Petersburg; Henry Graffius, Porter; Peter M. Bare, Mt. Union; Robert Madden, Springfield; John Cummins, Jackson.

CLASS 8.—DOMESTIC MANU.—EATABLES.

Best bbl flour,	2 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	1 00	Best apple butter,	1 00
Best bread,	3 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	2 00	Best honey,	1 00
3d best,	1 00	2d best,	50
Best butter,	2 00	Best custard,	1 00
2d best,	1 00	2d best,	50
3d best,	50	Best dom sugar,	1 00
Best pound cake,	1 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	50	Best map mol.,	1 00
Best sponge cake,	1 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	50	Best sorghum,	1 00
Best jelly cake,	1 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	50	Best tom catsup,	1 00
Best pie,	1 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	50	Best jelly,	1 00
Best cheese,	1 00	2d best,	50
Best preserves,	1 00	2d best,	1 00
2d best,	50	3d best,	50
Best pickles,	1 00	Best vinegar,	1 00
2d best,	50	2d best,	50
Best dom wine,	2 00		

Awarding Committees, on Flour, Bread, Butter, Cakes, Pies, Cheese, Apple Butter, and Honey.—Dr. J. A. Shade, Dublin; Mrs. Elsey Waters, Barree; Mrs. J. K. Hampson, Brady; Mrs. J. M. Cunningham, Huntingdon; Samuel Brooks, Esq., Carbon; and on Custards, Sugar, Molasses; Catsup, Jelly, Preserves, Pickles, Domestic Wine, and Vinegar—Gen. S. Miles Green, Porter; Mrs. Dr. H. Orlady, Petersburg; Miss Nancy McDivitt, Huntingdon; Miss J. Galbraith, Shirleysburg; Dr. J. F. Wilson, Barree.

CLASS 9.—DOM. MANU.—H'LD. FABRICS.

Best carpet,	2 00	best pr worsted,	50
2d best,	1 00	best pr ornamental,	50
Best flannel,	2 00	best pr needlework,	50
2d best,	1 00	best shirt,	1 00
best quilt,	2 00	2d best,	50
2d best,	1 00	best hard soap,	1 00
3d best,	50	2d best,	50
best hearth rug,	1 00	best candles,	1 00
2d best,	50	2d best,	50
best pr wool socks,	50		

Awarding Committee.—Thomas Fisher, Huntingdon; Mrs. Samuel Hatfield, Porter; Mrs. Miles Lewis, West; Mrs. Jno. C. Watson, Brady; Leonard G. Kessler, Petersburg.

CLASS 10.—Fancy Needle, Shell and Ornamen- Work.

best fancy needle work,	1 00	best pr of poticho-manid vases,	3 00
2d best,	50	2d best,	2 00
best ornamental,	1 00	3d best,	1 00
2d best,	50	best wax vase,	5 00
best ocean shell & moss work,	2 00	2d best,	3 00
2d best,	1 00	3d best,	1 00
best fancy chenille work,	3 00	best specimen of dried flow pres'd,	1 00
2d best,	2 00	best specimen of wax fruits,	5 00
3d best,	1 00	2d best,	3 00
best bead work,	1 00	3d best,	1 00
2d best,	50	best silk embroid'y,	50
best orna. leather work, frame,	3 00	best ottoman,	50
2d best,	2 00	best em'd slipper,	50
3d best,	1 00	best lin. embroid'y,	50
best crotchet w.,	50	best net work,	50
best lamp mat,	50	best worsted quilt,	50

Awarding Committee.—Jno. Scott, Esq., Huntingdon; Mrs. Dr. J. H. Wintrode, Penn; Mrs. Maria Porter, Porter; Miss Mary Gregg, Huntingdon; J. White Shaver, Mt. Union.

CLASS 11.—Mechanical Implements and Manufactures.

best 2 h. car.,	2 00	ware,	2 00
best buggy,	1 00	best and greatest variety tin ware,	1 00
best sett sin. har,	1 00	best and greatest variety of stone & earthen ware,	1 00
best sett farm har,	1 00	best wash. mach.,	50
best sad. & bridle,	1 00	best churn,	1 00
best pr of boots,	1 00	best meat vessel,	1 00
best pr of shoes,	50	best specimen of marble work,	2 00
best side of sole leather,	1 00	best cook stove,	1 00
best kip and calf skin,	1 00	best pr. h. shoes,	50
best side of harness and upper leath,	1 00	best corn broom,	50
best lot of cabinet			

Awarding Committee.—William Dorris, Jr., Huntingdon; R. C. McGill, Alexandria; Rich'd. Ashman, Scottsvill; Jno. Flenner, Henderson; John B. Simons, Franklin.

CLASS 12—FRUITS.

Best and greatest variety of Apples,	3 00	Best dozen of peaches,	1 00
2d best do.,	2 00	2d best do.,	50
3d best do.,	1 00	Best quinces,	1 00
Best doz. Fall Apples,	2 00	2d best do.,	50
2d best do.,	1 00	Best and greatest variety of plums,	2 00
Best Winter apples,	2 00	2d best do.,	1 00
2d best do.,	1 00	Best dozen plums,	1 00
Best and greatest variety of pears,	3 00	2d best do.,	50
2d best do.,	2 00	Best and greatest variety of grapes,	3 00
Best doz. Winter pears,	2 00	2d best do.,	2 00
2d best do.,	1 00	3d best do.,	1 00
Best Fall pears,	2 00	Best native grapes,	1 00
2d best do.,	1 00	2d best do.,	50
Best and greatest variety of peaches,	2 00	Best foreign grapes,	1 00
2d best do.,	1 00	2d best do.,	50
		Best wild or fox grapes,	50
		2d best do.,	25

Awarding Committee—D. Blair, Esq., Huntingdon, Col. J. D. Donaldson, Mapleton, Hays Hamilton, Esq., Franklin, B. F. Patton, Warriorsmark, J. A. Doyle, Mt. Union.

CLASS 13—VEGETABLES.

Best and greatest variety of potatoes,	2 00	Best peppers,	1 00
2d best do.,	1 00	2d best do.,	50
3d best do.,	50	Best tobacco,	1 00
Best Neshannocks,	1 00	2d best do.,	50
" mexican,	1 00	Best parsnips,	50
" pink eye,	1 00	Best carrots,	50
" white,	1 00	Best onions,	50
" red,	1 00	2d best do.,	25
" blue,	1 00	Best celery,	50
" sweet potatoes,	1 00	2d best do.,	25
2d best do.,	50	Best cauliflower,	50
Best cabbage,	50	2d best do.,	25
2d best do.,	25	Best pumpkins,	50
Best mangel wertzel	1 00	2nd best do.,	25
2d best do.,	50	Best pie pumpkins,	50
Best ruta baga,	1 00	Best squashes,	50
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	25
Best sugar beet,	1 00	Best water melons,	50
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	25
Best turnips,	50	Best musk melons,	50
Best egg plant,	50	2d best do.,	25
2d best do.,	25	Best beans,	50
Best tomatoes,	1 00	2d best do.,	25
2d best do.,	75	Best peas,	50
3d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	25
Best and greatest variety of tomatoes	1 00	Best fall or winter lettuce,	50
		2d best do.,	25

Awarding Committee on potatoes, cabbage, mangel wertzel, ruta baga, beets, turnips, and egg plants:—

Perry Moore, Esq., Morris, James Wilson, Henderson, John Vandevander, Esq., Walker, Henry Robison, Dublin, Dr. C. H. Moore, Carbon.

On tomatoes, peppers, tobacco, parsnips, onions, &c.:—Nicholas Cresswell, Alexandria, James Clarke, Birmingham, Frederick Schneider, Henderson, Nicholas Corbin, Cassville, John Hewet, West.

CLASS 14—FLORAL DEPARTMENT.

Best display of flowers in bloom	3 00	Best display of dahlias in bloom,	3 00
2d best do.,	2 00	2d best do.,	2 00
3d best do.,	1 00	3d best do.,	1 00
Best display of plants in bloom,	2 00	Best boquet of dahlias,	50
2d best do.,	1 00	Best boquet of flowers,	50
3d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	25
		Best floral design,	2 00
		2d best do.,	1 00
		3d best do.,	50

Awarding Committee—Rev. Zahnizer, Huntingdon, Miss Prudence Jackson, Huntingdon, Mrs. Dr. Brown, Cassville, Miss Ellen Fraker, Shirleysburg, Geo. C. Bucher, Alexandria.

CLASS 15—POULTRY.

Best and largest variety pure bred fowls,	2 00	Best do game of any variety,	1 00
2d best do.,	1 00	2d best do.,	50
Best pair or trio of shanghais,	1 00	Best do poland,	1 00
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	50
Best do cochin china,	1 00	Best do java fowls,	1 00
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	50
Best do brahmapootra,	1 00	Best do mixed breed,	1 00
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	50
Best do dorkings,	1 00	Best turkeys,	1 00
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	50
Best do spangled hamburg,	1 00	Best guinea fowls,	1 00
2d best do.,	50	2d best do.,	50
		Best ducks,	1 00
		2d best do.,	50
		Best geese,	1 00
		2d best do.,	50

Awarding Committee—Wm. B. Zeigler, Huntingdon, Henry Wilson, Oneida, Eli Plummer, Tod, Dr. M. Orlady, Walker, Thos. Fisher, Jr., Huntingdon.

CLASS 16—PAINTING.

Best oil painting—portrait or fruit,	5 00	Best painting in water colors,	3 00
2d best do.,	3 00	2d best do.,	2 00
Best landscape in oil,	5 00	Best specimen of marine drawing,	3 00
2d best do.,	3 00	2d best do.,	2 00
Best do. from nature,	5 00	Best oriental painting	3 00
2d best do.,	3 00	2d best do.,	2 00
Best lithograph in oil,	2 00	3d best do.,	1 00
2d best do.,	1 00	Best italian do.,	3 00
Best pen or pencil drawing,	3 00	2d best do.,	2 00
2d best do.,	2 00	3d best do.,	1 00
Best colored crayon do.,	3 00	Best grecian do.,	3 00
2d best do.,	2 00	2d best do.,	2 00
Best india ink do.,	3 00	3d best do.,	1 00
2d best do.,	2 00		

Awarding Committee—Rev. A. M. Barnitz, Huntingdon, Rev. S. H. Reid, Huntingdon, Mrs. Dr. J. B. Luden, Huntingdon, Mrs. D. Clarkson, Cassville, Mrs. Dr. Swoope, Port r.

All stock and articles for exhibition must be entered on the book provided for that purpose, at the office of entry, before being admitted to the ground, and Exhibitors will be required to state particularly on what class they will be required to compete for premiums.

Exhibitors can, at any time previous to the Fair, have any article or stock entered, by notifying either of the Secretaries, and giving at the same time, the name of the article or animal proposed, with as full information as possible in regard to age, pedigree, &c.

No premium shall in any case be awarded when the animal or article is, in the opinion of the Awarding Committee, deemed unworthy, though there be no other entered for competition on the same class.

JOHN C. WATSON, *President.*

R. McDIVITT, J. F. RAMEY, } *Secretaries.*

[Sept. 7, 1859.]

BOOTS & SHOES.—Old and young can be fitted at BENJ. JACOBS' store in Market square, Huntingdon, Pa. (oct28.)

J. RRICKER'S Mammoth Store is the place to get the worth of your money, in Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

TAILORING! TAILORING!!

ROBERT KING,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

Most respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he has removed to one door west of Carmon's Store, on Hill street, where he is prepared to make to order, in the best and most fashionable style, Coats, Vests and Pants.

He also informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINS and TRIMMINGS, which he will sell at fair prices. Those in want of a good Coat, Vest, or pair Pants, will call and examine his stock.

Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

HARDWARE

FOR THE MILLION!!!

JUST RECEIVED AND READY FOR SALE,

AT CITY PRICES, BY

JAMES A. BROWN.

This arrival of Goods exceeds all others in importance.

1st. Because it supplies *"The People"* with *indispensable* articles, and many useful inventions which can be found ONLY in a HARDWARE STORE.

2nd. The Subscriber, purchasing in large quantities from manufacturers, is enabled to Sell these Goods from

20 TO 100 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than they are usually sold by other merchants. His stock includes a complete variety of

BUILDING-HARDWARE, MECHANICS' TOOLS,
CUTLERY, HOLLOW-WARE,
OILS, PAINTS, SADDLERY,
VARNISHES, GLASS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
STEEL, IRON, CHAIN PUMPS, LEAD PIPE,
MOROCCO and LINING SKINS, &c.,

Together with a full assortment of everything pertaining to his line of business.

☞All orders receive prompt attention.☜

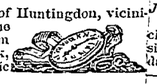
Huntingdon, April 6 1859. JAS. A. BROWN.

NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.

J. W. DUTCHER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, vicinity, and surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the room formerly occupied by Levi Westbrook, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage.



WATCHES and CLOCKS repaired in the best workmanlike manner.

His stock of WATCHES and JEWELRY is of the best. All of which he will dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally, are requested to give him a call and examine his stock. [March 2, 1859.]

H. ROMAN!

H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!

NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED

Call at Roman's Clothing Store for your Clothing.

April 6, 1859

READY RECKONER.

A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes. Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at

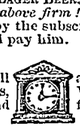
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER ruled, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. BRANDY, H. G. P. WHISKEY, and Mr. LAGER BEER, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

CLOCKS,  *WATCHES*

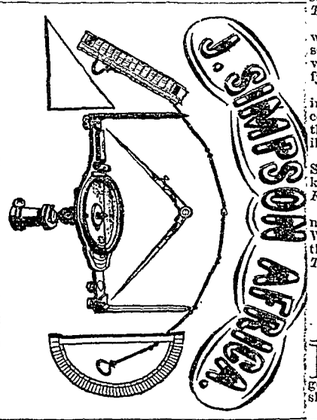
and *JEWELRY* will always be repaired. A good stock of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY will be kept on hand for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH REIGGER.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,

OFFICE, HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.



NEW BOOKS!

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

THE HOUSE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Rural Architecture; or, How to Build Dwellings, Barns, Stables, Out Dwellings of all kinds. With a Chapter on Churches and School-Houses. Price, 50 cents.

THE GARDEN: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Horticulture; or, How to Cultivate Vegetables, Fruits, Flowers. With a Chapter on Ornamental Trees Shrubs. Price, 50 cents.

THE FARM: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Agriculture; or, How to Cultivate all the Field Crops. With an Essay on Farm Management, etc. Price, 50 cents.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry; or, How to Breed, Feed, Rear the Various Tenants of the Barn-yard, etc., etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO TALK: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Conversation and Debate, with Directions for Acquiring a Grammatical Style, and more than Five Hundred Common Errors Corrected. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO BEHAVE: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Republican Etiquette, and Guide to Correct Personal Habits, with Rules for Debating Societies and Deliberative Assemblies, etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO DO BUSINESS: A NEW POCKET MANUAL of Practical Affairs and Guide to success in Life; with a Collection of Business Forms, and a Dictionary of Commercial Terms, etc. Price, 50 cents.

THE PRESBYTERIAN PSALMIST A collection of tunes adapted to the Psalms, Hymns of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

New Styles—Prices from $50 *to* $125. *Extra Charge of* $5 *for Hemmers.*

495 Broadway,.....New York.
730 Chestnut street,.....Philadelphia.

These Machines sew from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no re-winding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour*, and are, unquestionably, the *best Machines* in the market for family sewing, on account of their simplicity, durability, ease of management, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing—executing either heavy or fine work with equal facility, and without special adjustment.

As evidence of the unquestioned superiority of their Machines, the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY beg leave to respectfully refer to the the following

TESTIMONIALS.

"Having had one of Grover & Baker's Machines in my family for nearly a year and a-half, I take pleasure in commending it as every way reliable for the purpose for which it is designed—Family Sewing."—*Mrs. Joshua Leavitt, wife of Rev. Dr. Leavitt, Editor of N. Y. Independent.*

"I confess myself delighted with your Sewing Machine, which has been in my family for many months. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and steadily adapted to every variety of family sewing, by simply changing the spools of thread."—*Mrs. Elizabeth Strickland, wife of Rev. Dr. Strickland; Editor of N. Y. Christian Advocate.*

"After trying several different good machines, I prefer yours, on account of its simplicity, and the perfect use with which it is managed, as well as the strength and durability of the seam. After long experience, I feel content to speak in this manner, and to confidently recommend it for every variety of family sewing."—*Mrs. E. S. Spooner, wife of the Editor of Brooklyn Star.*

"I have used a GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine for two years, and have found it adapted to all kinds of family sewing, from Cambric to Broadcloth. Garments have been worn out without the giving way of a stitch. The Machine is easily kept in order, and easily used."—*Mrs. A. B. Whipple, wife of Rev. Geo. Whipple, New York.*

"Your Sewing Machine has been in use in my family the past two years, and the ladies request me to give you their testimonials to its perfect adaptedness, as well as labor-saving qualities in the performance of family and household sewing."—*Robert Boorman, New York.*

"For several months we have used Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and have come to the conclusion that every lady who desires her sewing *beautifully and quickly* done, would be most fortunate in possessing one of these reliable and indefatigable 'iron needle-women,' whose combined qualities of *beauty, strength and simplicity*, are invaluable."—*J. W. Morris, daughter of Gen. Geo. P. Morris, Editor of the Home Journal.*

Extract of a letter from THOS. R. LEAVITT, Esq., an American gentleman, now resident in Sydney, New South Wales, dated January 12, 1858:

"I had a tent made in Melbourne, in 1853, in which there were over three thousand yards of sewing done with one of Grover & Baker's Machines, and a *single* seam of that has outstood all the *double* seams sewed by sailors with a needle and twine."

"If Homer could be called up from his murky hades, he would sing the advent of Grover & Baker as a more benignant miracle of art than was ever Vulcan's smithy. He would denounce midnight shirt-making as 'the direful spring of woes unnumbered.'"—*Prof. North.*

"I take pleasure in saying, that the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained my expectation. After trying and returning others, I have three of them in operation in my different places, and, after four years' trial, have no fault to find."—*J. H. Hammond, Senator of South Carolina.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*J. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I should insist upon Saints Grover and Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"I think it by far the best patent in use. This Machine can be adapted from the finest cambric to the heaviest cassimere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautifully than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. J. G. Brown, Nashville, Tenn.*

"It is speedy, very neat, and durable in its work; is easily understood and kept in repair. I earnestly recommend this Machine to all my acquaintances and others."—*Mrs. M. A. Forrest, Memphis, Tenn.*

"We find this Machine to work to our satisfaction, and with pleasure recommend it to the public, as we believe the Grover & Baker to be the best Sewing Machine in use."—*Deary Brothers, Allisonia, Tenn.*

"If used exclusively for family purposes, with ordinary care, I will wager they will last one 'three score years and ten,' and never get out of fix."—*John Erskine, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have had your Machine for several weeks, and am perfectly satisfied that the work it does is the best and most beautiful that ever was made."—*Maggie Aimison, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I use my Machine upon coats, dressmaking, and fine linen stitching, and the work is admirable—far better than the best hand-sewing, or any other machine I have ever seen."—*Lucy B. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I find the work the strongest and most beautiful I have ever seen, made either by hand or machine, and regard the Grover & Baker Machine as one of the greatest blessings to our sex."—*Mrs. Taylor, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines in use in my family, and find it invaluable. I can confidently recommend it to all persons in want of a machine."—*G. T. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I take pleasure in certifying to the utility of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines. I have used one on almost every description of work for months, and find it much stronger and better in every respect than work done by hand."—*Mrs. D. W. Wheeler. Nashville, Tenn.*

"I would be unwilling to dispose of my Grover & Baker Machine for a large amount, could I not replace it again at pleasure."—*Mrs. H. G. Scovel. Nashville, Tenn.*

"Our two machines, purchased from you, do the work of twenty young ladies. We with pleasure recommend the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine to be the best in use."—*N. Stillman & Co., Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine works admirably. I think the stitch and work far superior to that of any Sewing Machine I ever saw. On fine work, I think the Machine would be hard to beat."—*J. W. Davie, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I find the Machine easily managed, very durable, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who wish convenience, economy, and pleasure."—*Mrs. F. Titus, Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have given such satisfaction that we cheerfully recommend them to all who wish a good and substantial Sewing Machine. It executes work with much care and speed, and more finely than any other machine I have seen."—*Mrs. R. B. Mitchell, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I am happy to give my testimony in favor of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and of the perfect satisfaction it gives in every respect. It sews neatly, and is by no means complicated, and I prefer it to all others I have seen."—*Mrs. Bryan, wife of Rev. A. M. Bryan, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It affords me much pleasure to say, that the Machine works well; and I do not hesitate to recommend it as possessing all the advantages you claim for it. My wife is very much pleased with it, and we take pleasure in certifying to this effect."—*R. C. Brinkley, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It gives me pleasure to find the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine giving so much satisfaction. I have it in constant use, and find it all that could be desired. It is the most simple and durable machine in use, and I heartily recommend it."—*F. M. White, Memphis, Tenn.*

"Having seen, examined, and used many other kinds of Sewing Machines, I feel free to say, that the Grover & Baker Machines are far superior to all others in use."—*M. Francios Seitz, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I consider my Sewing Machine invaluable, and would not take five times its cost, if I could not supply its place. With it I can do all my family sewing in about one-fourth the time I could with my hands."—*M. J. Scott, Nashville, Tenn.*

☞SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.☜

A LOCAL AGENT WANTED.

February 16, 1859.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BLASTING POWDER and SAFETY-FUSE, for sale low, at the Hardware Store of

JAS. A. BROWN.

VARNISH! VARNISH!!

ALL KINDS, *warranted good*, for sale at BROWN'S Hardware Store,

April 23, 1858—tf. Huntingdon. Pa.

LADIES, ATTENTION!—My assortment of beautiful dress goods is now open, and ready for inspection. Every article of dress you may desire, can be found at my store. D. P. GWIN.

SILK BONNETS, latest styles, in great variety, and very cheap, at the mammoth store of D. P. GWIN.

CLOAKS, TALMAS, RIGOLETTES, Victorines and Head Dresses are sold at prices, which defy competition, by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of any kind, will be furnished to order at lowest City Cash Prices.

Violin and Guitar strings, Bridges, Keys, Rosin, &c., &c. Also—Instruction Books for the Piano, Melodeon, Violin, &c., &c., for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

SUGAR, from 9 to 15 cents, at

S. S. SMITH'S GROCERY.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

JAMES M. GREEN, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer, Huntingdon, Pa.

W. MEGAHAN & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal. B. L. Megahan, General Agent, McConnellstown, Huntingdon county, Pa.

DAVID BLAIR, Miner and Shipper of Broad Top Coal. Office Huntingdon Pa.

EVANS, WALSH & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal. Office, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. K. NEFF, M. D., offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden's.

G. A. MILLER, Dealer in Groceries, Confectionaries, &c., &c.

C. COUTS, Proprietor of the Mansion House.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

J. S. MILLER, Proprietor of the Jackson House.

W. & H. WILLIAMS, Proprietors of the Franklin House.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN.

SCOTT & BROWN, Attorneys at Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office same as that formerly occupied by Mr. Scott. Huntingdon, Oct. 17, 1853.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. W. DUTCHER, Watchmaker and repairer, and dealer in Watches,